BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER. BANGOR, ME., MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1880. VOLUME XLVII -- NUMBER 137.

BANGOR
Daily Whig and Courier.
PUBLISHED MORNINGS
No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,
BY
BOUTELLE & BURR.
C. A. BOUTELLE. BENJ. A. BURR.

TERMS—$6.00 per year; $4.00 for six months; $3.00 for three months. *Invariably in advance.*

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,
At Two Dollars per Year, *invariably in advance.*

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And get satisfaction by bringing your Jewelry work to
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Up one flight. may28

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A. S. CHISOLM, PROPRIETOR.
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Daily Established 1834.—Weekly, 1842.

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Republican District Convention.

The Republicans of the Fourth Congressional District of Maine, composed of the counties of Aroostook, Penobscot and Piscataquis, are requested to send delegates to a Convention to be held at the CITY HALL, in Bangor, on

Thursday, June 24th, 1880,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative from this District to the 47th Congress of the United States, and also one Presidential Elector, and for transacting such other business as may properly come before said Convention.

Each city, town and plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and for every seventy-five votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1879, one delegate, and for each fraction of forty votes over a full vote, one additional delegate.

EZRA C. BRETT,
ELISHA W. SHAW,
LEWIS DELAHE,
HENRY R. DOWNES,
CHAS. L. DUNNING,
S. A. PATTEN,
District Committee.

Bangor, May 26, 1880.

APPORTIONMENT OF DELEGATES.

The following table gives the votes of the various towns and plantations of the Fourth Congressional District in 1879, as certified from the office of the Secretary of State, and the number of delegates to which each is entitled under the above apportionment:

Towns, &c.	Rep. Vote for Gov. in 1879	No. delegates.	Towns, &c.	Rep. Vote for Gov. in 1879	No. delegates.
Aroostook County.					
Amity	30	1	Weston	43	1
Ashland	47	1	Bancroft	25	1
Bridgewater	53	1	Castle Hill	30	1
Benedicta			Chapman	12	1
Blaine	65	1	Crystal	45	1
Carlton	171	2	Dyer	3	1
Easton	18	2	Eagle Lake		
Fort Fairfield	226	4	Glenwood	74	1
Fort Kent	22	1	Hamlin	8	1
Freedom	6	1	Connor		
Grand Isle	44	1	Macwahoc	9	1
Hamlin	17	1	Mapleton	41	1
Hersey	20	1	Merrill	6	1
Houlton	101	2	Moro	20	1
Houlton	294	5	New Sweden	80	2
Island Falls	40	1	No. 11, Range 1	41	1
Limestone	57	1	Oakfield	53	1
Linneus	83	2	Oxbow	1	
Littleton	79	2	Perham	50	1
Ludlow	25	1	Portage Lake	0	1
Machias	78	1	Reed	11	
Mars Hill	34	1	Sheridan		
Mapleton	24	1	St. John	6	1
Mayfield	13	1	St. Francis	19	1
Monticello	89	2	Silver Ridge	24	1
New Limerick	40	1	Van Buren	130	1
Orient	25	1	Wade	10	1
Presque Isle	160	3	Wallagrass	9	1
Sherman	120	3	Westfield	8	1
Smyrna	35	1	Woodland	54	1
Washburn	51	1	Caswell	6	1
Piscataquis County.					
Abbot	127	3	Milo	134	3
Atkinson	34	1	Monson	153	3
Blanchard	36	1	Orneville	42	1
Brownville	152	3	Parkman	104	2
Dover	99	2	Sangerville	118	3
Foxcroft	220	4	Sebec	102	2
Greenville	36	1	Shirley	13	1
Guilford	108	2	Wellington	54	1
Kingsbury	11	1	Williamsburg	26	1
Medford	63	1			
Penobscot County.					
Alton	34	1	Lincoln	106	2
Argyle	28	1	Lee	51	1
Bangor	1834	36	Lincoln	96	2
Brewer	115	3	Lincoln	163	3
Bradley	42	1	Lincoln	22	1
Brewer	385	7	Mattamiscontis	35	1
Burlington	29	1	Mattawamkeag	30	1
Carmel	95	2	Maxfield	38	1
Carroll	14	1	Medway	50	1
Charleston	109	2	Milford	74	1
Chester	50	1	Mt. Chase	20	1
Clifton	29	1	Newburg	14	1
Corinna	220	4	Newport	249	4
Corinth	209	4	Oldtown	263	4
Dexter	345	6	Orono	65	1
Dixmont	105	2	Orrington	264	4
Edinburgh	68	1	Passadumkeag	36	1
Edinburg	2	1	Patten	47	1
Enfield	60	1	Plymouth	89	2
Etna	109	2	Prentiss	30	1
Exeter	146	3	Springfield	81	2
Garland	200	4	Stetson	35	1
Glenburn	38	1	Seekville	46	1
Greenbush	78	1	Winn	114	2
Greenfield	27	1	New Plantation	3	1
Hampden	255	5	Lakeville	1	1
Hermon	150	3	No. 2, Grand Falls		
Holden	84	2	Waceyville	16	1
Kenduskeag	91	2	Webster	9	1
Hudson	79	1	Woodville	15	1
Keedusskeag	89	2	No. 1, N. D.	2	1
Kingman	47	1			

A Republican State Convention

WILL BE HELD IN
GRANITE HALL, AUGUSTA,
Wednesday, June 23, 1880
At 11 o'clock A. M.,

for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor to be supported at the September election, and two candidates for Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, and to transact any other business that may properly come before the Convention.

The basis of representation will be as follows: Each city, town and plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and for every seventy-five votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1879 an additional delegate, and a fraction of forty votes; but in excess of seventy-five will be accorded a delegate.

The State Committee will be in session in the ante-room of the Hall at 9 o'clock, on the morning of the Convention, to receive the credentials of delegates.

For the first time in the history of Maine the attempt was made in 1879 to deprive the people of the right to choose their own officers, and to corruptly continue in power those whom the people had rejected. The authors, abetters and accomplices in this crime against free government are now seeking to come before the people under some new party name—availing themselves of an *alias*, the common resort of those who seek to escape the responsibility and punishment of their crimes.

Against these men, under whatever name they may appear, all those citizens who condemn the nefarious plot to destroy the rights of suffrage, are invited to unite, without regard to past party affiliations, to preserve honest Government for the honest people of Maine.

By order of the Republican State Committee.

FRED. A. PILLSBURY, } Sub-
GEORGE C. WING, } Committee.
J. O. SMITH, Secretary.

A Panama despatch says the Chilian war vessel has destroyed the guano deposits at Ballestas. The Peruvians are reported to have thirty five battalions at Lima and the enthusiasm of the people is immense. The resignation of Chilian Gen. Escala has been accepted.

The steamer Atlas, at Quebec, suspected of having contraband articles, is still at anchor. The captain having made declarations before a notary that the vessel contains no contraband articles, the Customs officials have been instructed from Ottawa that no further search be ordered unless the Spanish Government will be responsible for it.

The trouble among the laborers at Quebec has been amicably settled.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THIRD TERMERS' WATERLOO!

Conkling's Vain Endeavor to Rally Men to His Flag.

MIGHTY ENTHUSIASM FOR BLAINE.

Vivid Description.

[Special to the Whig and Courier.]

CHICAGO, Ill., June 5. Last night's session was the third termers' Waterloo. They were beaten on every point, and the sixteen rightful delegates from the eight Illinois districts were seated by a decisive majority. A preconcerted shout for Grant was led by Conkling, who waved handkerchiefs with both hands and finally took the staff with New York's shield and waved it frantically to cheer on his men. It was a big noise and impressive demonstration, but when it subsided and some one shouted "Blaine!" there arose such a mighty volume of enthusiasm that the building shook and trembled as the roar surged along, and it seemed as if nearly all the vast audience were on their feet, waving hats and handkerchiefs and cheering like a tornado of enthusiasm. In the midst of this demonstration the banners of the Blaine States were seized by the delegations and grouped around those of Maine, which filled the vast concourse with wild enthusiasm. The scene was the most brilliant ever witnessed at any convention, and lasted for twenty-five minutes. The night's work ended with utter defeat of Logan and a complete victory for district representation. The ovation to Senator Blaine was the grandest ever given to any citizen on this continent. We hope to get to a ballot to-night.

C. A. BOUTELLE.

CHICAGO CONVENTION.

FOURTH DAY.

CONTESTING DELEGATES ADMITTED.

The Syndicate Again Badly Defeated.

A STERLING AND PATRIOTIC PLATFORM OF PRINCIPLES.

Preparing to Ballot.

PRESENTATION OF MR. BLAINE'S NAME.

The Names of Other Candidates Presented.

ADJOURNMENT TO MONDAY WITHOUT COMING TO A BALLOT.

Opening of the Fourth Day.

CHICAGO, June 5, 11:15 A. M.—The delegates are slowly assembling and the galleries are filling rapidly despite the heavy showers of rain and the sultry atmosphere which is only partially relieved by occasional thunder.

The usual rounds of applause were given to the notable delegates as they entered the hall. Garfield especially was received with much enthusiasm, probably because in certain contingencies he is considered a possibly winning dark horse in the Presidential race.

The convention was called to order at 11:45 at which time the delegates were generally in their seats and an immense audience in the galleries and on the rear of the floor. Prayer was offered by Rev. Jno. R. Baxter of Washington.

Opening Prayer.

Mr. Baxter's prayer included the following: "God, thou Creator of all things and mighty sustainer of all thy creatures, we begin this day with thankful acknowledgement of thy mercy. We commend to thy favor and grace the members of this convention. Rule, we pray thee, in all their counsels. Guide all their deliberations, and declare through their vote for the wisest, for the truest, for the best man to lead this great party in the contest which awaits it. Forbid that the cry of passion should be louder here than the calm voice of duty. Forbid that prejudice should warp the judgment and compromise the principle, nor permit that any personal preferences shall impair or imperil the peace, the harmony, the enthusiasm, the unity of purpose or the fidelity to the trust of this convention."

Debate on the Report of the Committee on Credentials.

The chair stated the question to be on the report of the committee on credentials in the case of Kansas. Mr. Conger briefly explained and sustained the majority report. The convention agreed to limit the debate on the Kansas case to twenty minutes. Mr. Plumb, of Kansas, replied in behalf of the sitting members and sustained the minority report. Conkling, coming in while Plumb was speaking, stopped to salute him and was greeted with applause from the Grant sympathizers.

Houk, of Tennessee, said that he did not know which side of the pending question he was on and asked to be allowed to speak two minutes in order to ascertain his own position. (Laughter.) The chair said the gentleman must be on one side or the other to entitle him to occupy any of the time allotted to this debate. (Renewed laughter.) Houk was allowed to proceed and in conclusion said that he would sustain the majority report because there was no minority report, but he did not want to be understood as condemning the action of the Congressional districts in Kansas.

Bateman, of Ohio, said he did not want to see the tactics of Tammany Hall established and maintained in a Republican organization, to override the sentiment of the people themselves as Tammany in New York City overrode the solid Republican majority north of the Harlem bridge, therefore he was for the majority report.

Report of the Committee sustained against the Third Term.

The question was then taken by call of States and the majority report in the Kansas case was sustained by yeas 476, nays 184. It was noticeable that in the Kansas case New York cast only 22 votes in the affirmative.

The report admits four Grant men from Kansas, the committee on credentials holding that they were entitled to seats under the principles of district representation. The failure of the New York Grant men to vote is understood to be caused by a desire to have the majority report sustained, while their votes for it would be inconsistent with their vote on the Illinois cases.

The next case taken up was the contest in the 3rd district of W. Va., when the committee recommend the retention of the sitting members who are Blaine men. Conger explained and supported the majority report. Clayton, of Arkansas, moved to substitute the minority report for the majority. Baum, of Illinois, insisted that W. Va., stood precisely like the Illinois and Kansas cases.

Illinois and Kansas had been admitted; this from West Virginia should also be. Coburn, of Massachusetts, urged that the principal district representation required the seating of contestants in West Virginia. The case is in accordance with the minority report. He could not understand how the committee who reported in favor of the eighteen contestants in Illinois could have voted against the contestants from Kansas.

Barnes, of West Virginia, sustained the majority report urging that these contestants failed to prove before the committee that they secured the votes of a majority of the delegates to the State Convention from the Congressional districts. Conger stated that the committee were nearly equally divided in this case and rather inclined that he was not himself clear in the opinion as to the true merits of the case. The contestants are Sherman men. After considerable cross-firing between delegates as to the facts of purely local interest, Haymond, of California, said, which ever way the Convention should vote in this case the vote would sustain the principle of district representation. Each side here claims to be the district representatives, and the only controverted question is whether the sitting or contesting delegates were legally chosen representatives. The vote was then taken upon adopting the minority report for the majority report, and resulted, yeas 417, nays 330.

The motion to substitute the minority report was then agreed to, and then the convention voted, viva voce, to seat the contestants. Grant, Sherman and Edmunds men appeared to combine on this affirmative vote. The next case of contest was Utah, and debate upon it was ordered limited to thirty minutes.

The majority report retains the sitting delegates, who the majority of the committee say were appointed according to the utmost universal usage in Utah by the central Republican committee, while the contestants were chosen by an unauthorized and irregular body. Haymond, of California, sustained the majority report. Colman, of Massachusetts, favored the contestants. Pixley, of California, followed for the majority report. McBride one of the contestants was heard.

Another Victory.

Roll of States was then called on the motion to substitute the minority for majority report, and thus the Utah contest resulted yeas 426, nays 312. The minority report was substituted. The vote was in no sense a test of the strength of the respective factions, partisans of different candidates dividing. The convention then admitted the Utah contestants.

Garfield, of Ohio, rising, was greeted with great applause. He inquired of Sharpe of New York, who made the minority report from the Committee on rules and order of business, how much time he desired for the discussion of the said report.

Sharpe replied that he did not design to detain the convention unnecessarily, but he could tell better what his course would be after Garfield had stated his own motion. Garfield then moved the adoption of the majority report and hoped that any proposed amendment would be presented before debate should begin. Both majority and minority reports were read for information.

The chair stated the question to be on the motion of Garfield to adopt the majority report. Sharpe criticised the proposed amendment to the 5th Rule and would not strike it out, that the amendment being "but if exception is taken by any delegate to the correctness of such announcement by chairman of his delegation. Present at the convention shall direct the roll of members of such delegation to be called and the result recorded in accordance with votes individually given." He reminded the chairman of committee on rules that the convention had been in session three and half days, and had had no trouble from the absence of that part of the rule which he regarded as entirely unnecessary. He was not here to seek further delay. The battle was formed, each side was ready, and the people were waiting for the verdict. (Applause.) They all felt that whatever was to be obtained on the skirmish line had been obtained and that they were standing in the ranks of battle opposite each other, and ready to give the people news of the contest. He therefore offered the following resolution: That this convention proceed immediately to ballot for a candidate for President of the United States, and that one speech of fifteen minutes shall be allowed for the presentation of each candidate, and one speech of ten minutes to second each nomination, and that after such nominations are made the ballot shall be taken by the call of roll of States.

Mr. Garfield raised the point of order that under the order the Convention report of Committee on Rules was before that body, and Sharpe's motion being for proceeding to an entirely different business was not in order. The chair ruled Sharpe's motion in order and the vote was ordered. This motion was at first a surprise coming from anti-Blaine men. Mr. Sharpe modified his motion so as to provide, after nominating speeches shall have been made, the ballots for Presidential nominees be taken by call of the States. Mr. Garfield pointed out that if Sharpe's motion should be adopted for the rules for its government and especially without any rule prescribing whether if the unit rule shall prevail in balloting, or whether the right of district representation shall prevail? He disavowed the idea of the rule complained of as being a reflection on the chairman of any delegation and showed the absurdity of any such idea; he reminded the convention that it had witnessed a scene which would be photographed in history. The four delegates from Kentucky, rising on their seats, protested against their votes being counted in the way in which they had not cast them. Let the rule be settled and he would be bound by it. Let it be the unit rule or let it be individual rule, and he would feel bound by it. The latter particularly, because he considered it eternal right (applause). In answer to inquiries by Frye, of Maine, Garfield said that without the adoption of the rules there would be no previous question in the convention and consequently no way of stopping debate, after the first ballot should have been taken. (Applause.) Sharpe replied urging that the dangers of the troubles pointed out by Garfield in the absence of any adopted rules, were imaginary. There would be no attempt to prevent each delegate expressing his individual sentiments through the chairman of his delegation. The chair stated the question to be upon the substitution of Sharpe's resolution for the report of the committee on rules. Upon viva voce vote the negatives had it. A call of States was demanded and resulted yeas 376, nays 470.

They voted 48 ayes, 22 noes. The result was hailed with great applause. Garfield said the convention had wasted on this vote time enough to have adopted rules and gone to work. He asked that the question now be taken without further debate. Sharpe moved to substitute the minority report, which was rejected. Boutwell moved to amend the majority report by adding the following: and said committee (National Republican committee) shall within twelve months prescribe a method of methods for election of delegates to the National convention to be held in 1884 and announce the same to the country and issue the call for that convention in conformity therewith."

Butterworth, of Ohio, moved an amendment by adding the following: Provided that nothing in such rules or method shall be so construed as to prevent the several Congressional Districts in the United States from the selection of their own delegates to the National Convention. Boutwell accepted Butterworth's amendment. Garfield hoped the amendment would be accepted and it was. Then the rules were adopted as a whole.

The Resolutions.

On motion of Garfield the committee on Resolutions were ordered to report. Pierrepont, of New York, from said committee reported as follows:

The following is the platform introduced: The Republican party in National Convention assembled, at the end of twenty years since the Federal Government was first committed to its charge, submits to the people of the United States this brief report of its administration. It suppressed a rebellion which had armed nearly a million men to subvert the national authority. (Applause.) It reconstructed the union of States with freedom instead of slavery as its corner stone. (Applause.)

It transformed four millions of human beings from the likeness of things, to the rank of citizens. (Applause) It relieved Congress from the infamous work of hunting fugitive slaves and changed it to see that slavery does not exist. It has raised the value of our paper currency from 58 per cent to par of gold. It has restored upon a solid basis the payment in coin for all national obligations, and has given a currency absolutely good and equal in every part of our country. It has lifted the credit of the nation from the point from where 6 per cent. bonds sold at 85, to that where 4 per cent. bonds were eagerly sought at a premium under its administration. Railways increased from 31,000 miles in 1869 to more than 80,000 in 1879. Our foreign trade increased from $700,000,000 to $1,150,000,000 in the same time, and our exports which were $20,000,000 less than our imports in 1860, were $264,000,000 more than our imports in 1879 (applause). Without resorting to alms it has, since the war closed, defrayed the ordinary expenses of the government, beside the accruing interest on the public debt, and disbursed annually more than $30,000,000 for soldiers' pensions. It has paid $888,000,000 of the public debt, and by refunding the balance at lower rates, has reduced the amount of interest charge from nearly $151,000,000 to less than $89,000,000. All the industries of the country have revived; labor is in demand; wages increased, and throughout the entire country there is evidence of coming prosperity greater than we have ever enjoyed. Upon this record the Republican party asks for the continued confidence and support of the people, and this convention submits for their approval the following statement of the principles and purposes which will continue to guide and inspire its efforts.

First, we affirm that the work of the last 20 years have been such as to commend itself to the favor of the nation, and the fruit of the costly victories which we achieved through immense difficulties should be preserved, that peace regained should be cherished. That the disserved Union, now happily restored, should be perpetuated, and that the liberties secured to this generation be transmitted undimished to future generations; that order established and credit acquired should never be impaired; that the pensions promised should be extinguished by the full payment of every dollar thereof; that the reviving industries should be further promoted and that the commerce already so great, should be steadily encouraged.

Second, the Constitution of the United States is the supreme law, and not a mere contract; out of the Confederated States it made a sovereign Nation. Some powers are denied to the Nation, while others are denied to States, but the boundary between the powers delegated and those reserved is to be determined by the national and not by the State tribunals. (Applause.)

Third, the work of popular education is now left to the care of States, but it is the duty of the National Government to aid that work to the extent of its constitutional duty. The intelligence of the Nation is but the aggregate of the intelligence in the States, and the destiny of the Nation must be guided, not by the genius of any one State, but by the average genius of all.

Fourth, the Constitution wisely forbids Congress to make any law respecting an establishment of religion, but it is idle to hope that the nation can be protected against the influence of sectarianism while each State is exposed to its domination; we therefore recommend that the Constitution be so amended as to lay the same prohibition upon the Legislature of each State and to forbid appropriation of public funds to the support of sectarian shools. (cheers.)

Fifth, We affirm the fact avowed in 1876, that the duties levied for the purpose of revenue should so discriminate as to favor American labor (applause). That no further grant of public domain should be made to any railway or other corporation. That slavery having perished in the States, its twin barbarity, polygamy, must die in the territories (applause). That everywhere the protection accorded to the citizens of American birth must be secured to the citizens by American adoption. That we esteem it the duty of Congress to develop and improve our watercourses and harbors, but insist that further subsidies to private personal or corporations must close. That the obligations of the Republic to the men who preserved its integrity in the hour of battle are undiminished by the lapse of fifteen years since their victory; to do them perpetual honor, shall forever be the grateful privilege and sacred duty of the American people.

Sixth, authority to regulate the immigration and intercourse between the United States and foreign nations, rests with Congress or with the United States, and its treaty-making power. The Republican party, regarding unrestricted immigration of the Chinese as an evil of great magnitude, invoke the exercise of those powers to restrain and limit that immigration by the enactment of such just, humane and reasonable provisions as will produce that result.

Seventh, the purity and patriotism which characterizes the earlier career of Rutherford B. Hayes, in peace and war, and which guided thoughts of our immediate predecessors to him for the Presidential candidate, have continued to inspire him in his career as chief executive, and that history will accord to his administration honors which are due to an efficient, just and courteous discharge of public business, and will honor his interpositions between the people, and proposed partisan laws. (Cheers.)

Eighth, we charge upon the Democratic party the habitual sacrifice of patriotism and justice to a supreme and insatiable lust of office and patronage; that to obtain possession of the National and State governments and control of place and position, they obstructed all efforts to promote the purity and to conserve the freedom of suffrage, and have devised fraudulent certifications and returns; have labored to unseat the lawfully elected members of Congress, to secure at all hazards the vote of a majority of States in the House of Representatives; have endeavored to occupy by force and fraud places of trust given to others by the people of Maine and rescued by the courageous action of Maine's patriot sons; have by methods vicious in principle and tyrannical in practice, attached partisan legislation to appropriation bills, upon whose passage the very movements of the Government depend, have crushed the rights of individuals, have advocated the principles and sought the favor of rebellion against the nation, and have endeavored to obliterate the sacred memories of the war and to overcome its inestimable and valuable results of nationality, personal freedom and individual equality. The equal, speedy, and complete enforcement of laws, and the protection of all our citizens in the enjoyment of all privileges and immunities guaranteed by the constitution are the first duties of the nation. The dangers of a solid South can only be averted by the faithful performance of every promise which the Nation has made to the citizens, the execution of laws and punishment of all those who violate them are the only safe methods by which an enduring peace can be secured, and genuine prosperity established throughout the South. Whatever promise the Nation makes, the Nation must perform; and the Nation cannot with safety relegate this duty to the State. The solid South must be divided by the peaceful agencies of the ballot, and all opinions must there find free expression, and to this end the honest voters must be protected against terrorism, violence and fraud; we affirm it to be the duty and purpose of the Republican party to use every legitimate means to restore all the States to the most perfect harmony that may be practicable; and we submit to the practical, sensible people of the United States to say whether it would not be dangerous to the dearest interests of our country at this time to surrender the administration of the national government to the party which seeks the overthrow of the existing policy under which we are so prosperous, and thus bring distrust and confusion where there is now order, confidence and hope.

The Resolutions having been read by Secretary Barker, of Massachusetts, it was moved to amend by adding the following: The Republican Party, adhering to the principles affirmed by its last National Convention of respect for the Constitution.

The rules governing appointment to office, adopts the declaration of President Hayes, that reform in the Civil Service shall be thorough, radical and complete to the end. It demands the co-operation of the Legislative with the Executive departments of the Government, and that Congress shall so legislate, that the fitness ascertained by the proper practical tests shall admit to the public service, that the tenure of administrative office, (except those through which the distinctive policy of the party in power shall be carried out) shall be permanent during good behavior; and that the power of removal for cause, with due responsibility for the good conduct of subordinates shall accompany the power of appointment. Cessna urged adherance to the work of the Committee on Resolutions, who undoubtedly had considered all the questions presented to them, and deliberately and intelligently determined what should be acted upon here. The departments at Washington were still full of old Democrats and Rebels, and he did not want the Civil Service to be too strictly enforced until these could be turned out, and their places filled with single legged and one armed men who had been crippled in their Country's cause. (Great applause.) Warner of Alabama said that the question of Civil Service reform was here and must be met, and they did not dare to vote it down. The motion to strike out of the amendment the tenure of office part was carried, and then Barker's amendment was adopted. The resolutions as amended were then adopted without a call of states. At 4:40 the Convention took a recess until 7.

Evening Session.—Presentation of the Names of Candidates.

The convention was called to order in the evening session at 7.15, but it was ten minutes later before the delegates were in their seats to admit of opening business. Hale of Maine moved the roll of States be called for an announcement of the names of members of the national committee, which was agreed to. Maine named Wm. P. Frye; Massachusetts, John M. Forbes. The resolution that in case of the death or resignation of any member of the National Central Committee, the vacancy be filled by appointment by State Central Committee, Hale, of Maine, moved the call of the roll of States in alphabetical order, and that whenever a State is reached which has a nomination to present, it may be presented. Conger asked unanimous consent that five minutes be given for seconding each nomination, immediately after the nomination was made, and it was so ordered.

Mr. Blaine's Name Presented.

Hale's motion was then agreed to, the roll called, when James F. Joy, of Michigan, took the platform and in response to numerous calls, after some reference to the public life of the proposed nominee, he presented for the nomination for Presidency the name of James G. Blaine. The mention of this name was received with grand demonstrations of applause among the audience both in galleries and on floor.

The nominating speech was not inspiring in its delivery, and the demonstrations of applause which interrupted it must be attributed to its subject alone. The renewed mention of Blaine's name at the conclusion of Joy's speech was the signal for another wild scene of confusion and excitement, the larger part of the audience and all the Blaine delegates rising and cheering vociferously, waving flags, fans, hats, handkerchiefs, etc., most frantically. The lady who was so conspicuous in the remarkable scene of last night, is said to be Mrs. Charles F. Deems, widow of a soldier of New York, and the flag which she displayed is said to have been Lincoln's. Again to-night she was present on the platform, swinging her flag in one hand and a fan in the other, and cheering like mad until bystanders pulled her down to her seat and tore the flag into tatters in their efforts to take it from her while she folded it about her person and struggled for its possession. The confusion continued for full ten minutes, when a loud voiced delegate succeeded in attracting attention and demanded to know whether the convention was not capable of protecting itself from a mob in the galleries. Pixley of California seconded the nomination of Blaine. His speech was repeatedly interrupted by applause and at its close was followed by another burst of cheers. Frye of Maine asked and obtained two minutes, which he improved to give utterance to an electric speech which set his hearers wild again.

Windom's Name Presented.

Minnesota being called, E. F. Drake presented the name of Wm. Windom of that State, which was received great but speedily subsiding applause. He pledged the vote of Minnesota for whoever should be the nominee of the convention. There was no seconding speech for Windom.

Mr. Conkling Presents Grant's Name.

When New York was called Mr. Conkling rose, mounted the reporters' platform and there took position on the reporters table. He too

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

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MONDAY, JUNE 7, 1880.

BLAINE'S NOMINATION TO-DAY.

One of the results of the Chicago convention may be already and definitely stated—Grant is beaten. From the moment of the preliminary meetings of the National Committee, previous to the assembling of the great convention, up to midnight of Saturday, when the curtain dropped upon the scene preparatory to the balloting, the third-termers have suffered one continuous series of defeats. The work of the convention has progressed slowly, but surely; the resulting consequences to the American people are too momentous for hasty action. All the business thus far transacted will meet with the unqualified approval of the party and the country.

After Grant, what? Most certainly Blaine. While Senator Blaine's strength in the delegations has been at no time inferior to that of Grant, these two men have been the central figures in the great contest: and with Grant beaten, Blaine's prospects brighten into almost absolute certainty. From the outset his forces have steadily received fresh accessions of true and stalwart and enthusiastic supporters. The forces on the field for Windom and Washburne, with a few from the ranks of Sherman's forces, seeing not the slightest prospects for their favorites, wheeling into line for Blaine, will give our glorious leader the nomination on the first ballot. Is this too much to expect, or is it at all unreasonable? Or should no nomination result on the first balloting, the development of Mr. Blaine's superior strength will draw from Grant's weakening column those who were pledged to the General only for one ballot. Others, held by local influences, will drop the hopeless cause of Windom and Washburne and Edmunds, and flock to the standard of the "great leader of leaders." It is in the nature of men to espouse the cause of the strongest candidate; and the dark horse is not to be the winner of this race. So if Blaine is not nominated to-day, on the first ballot, we do not see how it can be prevented on the second or third ballot. God grant it. Christian men and women everywhere have been praying for it; patriotic men have been laboring for it; the country in its peril from Southern domination needs it; and bad men and Democrats dread it. Let the news come quick to the waiting, anxious people, to-day, speaking the voice of the convention—for BLAINE OF MAINE!

CHICAGO CONVENTION NOTES.

Old Phil Sheridan appeared in the convention Thursday; the whole audience recognized him, and gave lusty cheers.—Collector Beard of Boston, expresses the opinion that the policy of the Grant managers is to stimulate all the Presidential booms in order to defeat Blaine, and that they desire a protracted balloting.—During the repulse of Logan and Conkling's forces, Gen. Logan wore a look that was gloomy and peculiar, but in no sense grand. He sat quietly, said but little, ate nothing and gazed into the crown of his black silk hat as though it were a "glass of fate."—Henry Cabot Lodge thinks the contest hes between Blaine and Edmunds, with chances in favor of the former.—The Boston *Herald's* correspondent says: Maine's motto is proven. Dirigo does direct. Hon. Eugene Hale and Congressman Frye, of Maine, have become equally with Logan, Cameron and Conkling, the leading actors of the convention.—"But" said Mr. Hale, in his masterly speech, turning his face toward the great gathering and raising his voice, "I am less respish and more amiable this morning than the gentleman from New York, this vast audience knows why it is so." This been thrust at the supporters of the third term, who, after all their boasting of an immediate and overwhelming victory, are now reduced to the condition of a chafing and irritable minority, was rewarded by a great cheer. Mr. Conkling had his arms tightly folded and was much interested in the arches of the roof.—George Washington is one of the Secretaries of the Convention.—A special telegram to the Lewiston *Journal*, yesterday, says: The excitement has reached its height this morning. A report that Don Cameron will on the second ballot give Blaine the solid vote of Pennsylvania, causes much talk, and is denied; but I am looking for something of the kind to take place, as the feeling for Blaine in Pennsylvania is intense. Unquestionably the Grant leaders are trying to bring forward a dark horse to beat Blaine. Edmunds they would like, but many of their followers demur. The Blaine and Sherman men united, control the convention, but the probability now is that Blaine will be so strong that none of his men can go to Sherman. Yet the Sherman men are hopeful, but the Grant leaders are opposed to Sherman. Windom's name is hardly mentioned, but Washburn's is more likely to come forward.—The special Boston *Journal's* correspondent telegraphs: The Blaine men are in the best of spirits, and are confident of success. They say that they have not attempted to crowd the minority to force action with unseemly haste, but when the time for a ballot arrives, and they expect that it will arrive by noon, they are confident that James G. Blaine will lead all other candidates on the first ballot, and that he will be nominated on the second or third ballot. The scene in the convention to-night when Mr. Blaine's name was mentioned by a delegate from California, shows that a majority in the galleries, and perhaps on the floor, are friends of the "Plumed Knight." The Blaine men are in high spirits this morning. They regard the nomination of the "Plumed Knight" as so absolutely certain that they have ordered their Pullman train for Saturday night "to carry the news to Maine."—The Grant men say but little, but it is evident they mean business, and that if they cannot secure the nomination of the General they will endeavor to control the nomination of Edmunds.—A despatch from Washington says: Secretary Sherman and Senator Blaine have both been busy with their telegraph wires. Secretary Sherman has received long dispatches from Governor Dennison, reassuring him as to the situation, and indicating that the Grant strength on the so-called test vote of yesterday was only 265. The tenor of Sherman's dispatches is that Grant will most certainly be beaten if he is not withdrawn. Senator Blaine received similar dispatches, his followers being extremely confident.—Wonder what Conkling thinks of "those boys" now? It was thought that the marvelous skill of the Grant managers would control matters at the organization, but those skillful and experienced managers have been beaten by "those boys."—Mr. Blaine's safety lies in the fact that this is a people's Convention, and that the delegates cannot be controlled by their leaders.—On Friday Mr. Conkling won no laurels. To be entirely frank, he was rapped between the eyes every time he attempted to attack in a fashion to which he had not been used, and at which he and his followers were evidently amazed. Hale and Frye each drew blood, and each did it with a dignity and self-restraint curiously in contrast with the manner of their assailant.—The Boston *Traveller's* Saturday evening despatches says that the Blaine men are very confident that their candidate will be nominated today, and say that they have over 80 pledges from Grant men that if they ever leave Grant they will rally on Blaine, which of course would nominate him.

Boutelle at the Veteran's Reunion.

A Brilliant Speech for the Right.

The Veteran Soldiers' and Sailors' Reunion at Chicagoon the 1st inst, was unblushingly packed in the interest of Grant, and to get up a unanimous ex-Grant boom. Capt. Boutelle happened in only a few minutes before the resolutions were read, and without any previous proposition made a brilliant and effective speech, for which he received the congratulations of all. We copy the following report of Capt. Boutelle's speech from the Chicago *Tribune*.

The committee on resolutions having made their report, recommending to the National Convention the nomination of Grant.

A man in the gallery moved to lay the report on the table. [No! No!]

The Chair decided the motion to be out of order.

C. A. Boutelle, of Bangor, Maine—Is a motion now in order? If so, I desire to move that the report of this Committee be considered by sections; and that, as each proposition is submitted to this body of intelligent, and, as I know, patriotic gentlemen, there shall be, as you say, a fair opportunity for us to express our opinions and make such motions and suggestions as we deem not only for the interest of the Republican party, but for the welfare of our glorious country. ["Good," and applause.]

Gen. Woodford—The call for a division of the report has already been recognized by the Chair; therefore the motion just made is out of order, being a mere repetition of what had already been ordered. Now the question is upon the adoption of the first section of the report. Does the body desire that this be read? ["Read" and "No."] As some desire that it should be read, the Chair will ask unanimous consent [reading preamble]. Is there any objection to the adoption of the preamble? [No!] Then it is adopted.

He then read the first five clauses of the report, to which there was no objection, and they were declared adopted. On coming to the clause in commendation of Grant, the Chairman said:

Now, gentlemen, all get out your good temper. There shall be full opportunity for debate. In the spirit of the resolutions just read, the Chair will try to give you a fair count."

The Chair read the next section, declaring that Gen. Grant was the choice of the Convention for the nomination for the Presidency, the reading of which was received with loud cheers.

A delegate moved the adoption of that portion of the report.

Mr. C. A. Boutelle, of Bangor, Maine—Mr. Chairman—

The Chair—The Chair recognizes the gentleman at the right, bearing an admirable likeness of my distinguished friend, Senator Blaine. [Cheers.]

Col. Scribner—I move that the discussion be confined to five minutes each, and that no gentleman speak more than one time.

The Chair refused to entertain the motion, because he had recognized the gentleman from Maine.

Mr. Boutelle, formerly of the navy, now of the Bangor WHIG AND COURIER, spoke as follows:

MR. CHAIRMAN, COMRADES, AND FELLOW CITIZENS: I feel a little embarrassed in being called thus to the front in a formal manner, and I have no disposition to make anything like a speech; my voice is in no condition to do it. I simply rise to say that as a representative of the soldiers and sailors of the Union from the State of Maine, the State which unfortunately, I find, has been omitted from representation upon the committees of this meeting, I presume inadvertently, but a State which certainly, I think, ought to have been remembered, in view of the fact that we have presented a candidate from our State for the Presidency who is very favorably regarded by at least some of the citizens of the United States. [Cheers.] I wish to make a motion, Mr. Chairman, and on that to make the few remarks that I have to offer. It is that that portion of the Committee's report be recommitted and revised and I wish to outline my idea of the manner in which it should be revised and altered.

I have two objections to that report. In the first place, I object to it because I do not believe it wise or fitting that a gathering of soldiers called, as I understand they did call us, to act here in such a manner as to show our interest in the perpetuity of the principles of the Republican party, should undertake, on the eve of a great National Convention, when the voters of that party are very earnestly excited, to throw the soldier element of this country into the arena, and undertake to be the umpire between candidates, all of whom have gallantly and gloriously upheld the principles for which we fought. [Applause.]

I do not believe that the soldiers of this country——

A Voice—We have a right to do it.

The speaker—I am simply expressing my opinion, my friend. You all have a right to yours, and to dissent from me, as you choose. I do not believe, as one of the humblest of your number, that it is well for the interests of the soldiers, or well for the interests of the cause for which we fought, that we should distinctively, as a body of soldiers, rather than as the citizens in which we have merged ourselves, insist upon keeping the nomination particularly within the line of our organization. I do not believe that is well. I do not believe it is wise. Furthermore, my second objection is this: that, in making this nomination which is to be made within a few days, we have got to make it in view of the exigencies which are now upon us. And while there are thousands who honestly believe that Gen. Grant is the best man that we could nominate, and I freely concede to them the right to that opinion, yet there are thousands of others who do not believe that his nomination is the best that can be made at this time [applause], and, therefore, I do not believe it expedient for an assemblage of soldiers to undertake to say that the selection of this candidate is our choice, indicating that there is no other. Why, Mr. Chairman, it would be utterly impossible to obtain a gathering of soldiers here in Chicago under any resolutions which you might make that would fully represent the great veteran army of this country. We are widely scattered. We all know—those of you here are well aware—that the great body of the rank and file of the men who carried our flag to the front are men of small means, and can not afford to travel across this continent to attend a mass-meeting here in Chicago. These men of the rank and file are not here to-day. I say it is not an appropriate thing for us, gathered together here as we are, a few men, to undertake to express the voice of the soldiers of this country.

Now, Mr. Chairman, I am not going to trespass over my limits, and I will simply say this, that I may not be misunderstood, I come from a State, sir, which yields to no State in this Union in its honor, and admiration, and gratitude for the peerless services of Gen. Ulysses S. Grant. I come from a State, sir, which has yielded to none in the gallant manner in which we supported Gen. Ulysses S. Grant when he led an army in the field, and when his name was inscribed on the Republican banner in 1868 and 1872. I come from a State, sir, which in those two years led the van of the battle for Ulysses S. Grant, and carried his name splendidly to the front in those two National campaigns.

I claim the right, I, one who participated in those struggles, I claim the right to-day after he has served two terms and received all the honors that this country has put upon him, I claim the right courteously and honestly to say that I think we now can well take some other man to put to the front. [Cries of "No, no," and "Yes, yes."]

As this is a "political body," as stated by the Chair, it is proper that we should take into consideration the political situation at this time, and I believe firmly that, in view of the evident prejudice against a third term, a prejudice—[cries]—I repeat, sir, that I believe, in view of the intense prejudice against a third term which is manifested on every hand—[applause and cries] more than that, sir, a prejudice which is not only manifested by opponents of Gen. U. S. Grant, but felt very deeply by men who followed him to the front in time of battle; in view of that prejudice, and further, in view of a deeper prejudice against his candidacy, not against the person or the name of Gen. Grant, but against his candidacy,—a deeper prejudice, which arises from the manner in which some men have undertaken to use his great name—[applause and cries of "No," "No."] I believe his nomination would be perilous to the country.

My friends, I am well aware that many of you disagree with me. I want you to have a fair chance to express your opinion. I do not want this body to undertake to fulminate my opinion against yours and send it to the National Convention, or your opinion against mine and send it there. [Cries of "Good," "Good."]

I am here for free speech—for free expression. [Cries of "Time," "Time," and "Go on."]

Mr. Chairman, a word, and I have done. It has been suggested to me by a friend of Gen. Grant in this audience that my motion should be to substitute the name of my favorite candidate in place of that of Gen. Grant. [Cries of "No, no."] I do not propose to do any such foolish thing. As much as I admire, as much as I love my own State leader, that peerless champion of Republican principles, James G. Blaine [loud and continued applause], I do not come here to ask the soldiers of this country to undertake to dictate to the National Convention that they shall make him their nominee. I merely ask that we shall act as soldiers here, that we shall talk about principles here, and shall let the 756 men that you, Mr. Chairman, and I, and the rest of you have helped to elect and send here to do that business, select our candidate, and support and elect him at the polls. [Loud and continued applause.]

Gen. Woodford—Let us keep our tempers by giving *three cheers* for the gallant Pine Tree State.

They were loudly given.

The Chicago *Times*, an independent paper, gives the following account of the affair:

It was then decided to vote upon the declarations separately. The first two were carried without opposition. When the third was read, a tremendous hubbub ensued and the chair recognized C. A. Boutelle, of Bangor, a member of the Maine delegation, who made a speech opposing it. He was sorry his State was unrepresented in the list of vice-presidents and secretaries, but hoped that omission was inadvertently made. His objection to the clause before the meeting was two-fold. He did not believe it to be fitting nor wise for a gathering of soldiers on the eve of a convention to endeavor to throw the soldier element into the political arena. [Applause.] He did not think it for the interests of the party that the presidential nomination should be kept in the line of an organization of soldiers. The second objection was that the expression of the people showed that there was a large and violent sentiment against the nomination of Gen. Grant, and especially in the ranks of union veterans. This body, he contended, did not represent the feelings of the whole ex-soldiery of the United States. [Applause.] He came from a State which yielded to none in honor and gratitude to U. S. Grant. But in the present exigencies the sentiment of his State was that it would be well now to put some other man to the front. [Applause.] The prejudice against Gen. Grant was deepened by the manner in which his friends have urged his nomination. In conclusion he said that he was not in favor of inserting a Blaine clause in the resolutions any more than a Grant clause.

At the conclusion of his speech, three cheers were proposed and given for Maine.

CONTINUED COMMENTS OF THE PRESS ON THE FUSION CONVENTIONS.

[From the Portland Press.]

The action taken by the Democratic Convention at Bangor was a bitter disappointment to those Democrats who hate fusion and its works, but a surprise to no one else. It was a foregone conclusion. The men who carried through the combination last year are under bonds to continue the unprincipled alliance. They cannot afford to confess to error. That would be abdication and an acknowledgement that the policy of fusion was foolish and mischievous. They prefer to put their political fortunes at stake, hoping to find justification in success.

The better portion of the party must be profoundly disgusted at the shameful bargain. There will certainly be a large scattering vote; and it is quite probable that many Democrats, called upon to choose between two Republicans, will prefer a man of honor and ability to one who has been unwearedly intriguing for the nomination and has made himself all things to all men in order to win his point.

Dissatisfaction will not be confined to the Democratic ranks. The price the Greenbackers must pay for the alliance is a vote for Tilden electors, for a leading representative of that Money-Power they profess to abhor. They must aid in the election of a Democratic President in return for a few offices in the State of Maine. That is what they are required to do. It is a price many of them will refuse to pay. The leaders of both wings of the combination will discover what last year's lessons would teach them, were they not too stupid to learn, that the peculiarity of fusion is it doesn't fuse.

[From the New Haven Palladium.]

John B. Foster, of Bangor, the member of Garfield's council who is reputed to have possessed the brains of that coterie of political schemers, presided over the Greenback convention, and Gove and Fogg, his fellow compatriots in that monstrous attempt to overthrow the results of an election, were the guiding spirits in its deliberations. With the infamous record made by the Fusionists last year, it is surprising that men who have long professed at Democratic State Conventions their loyalty to the party and to its principles, not one of which but is thrown aside when they combine with the Greenbackers, should join in and aid in the overthrow of party organization and all political principles.

It only shows to what depths even respectable Democrats may fall.

The nominee of the two conventions, General Harris M. Plaisted has ever been a schemer for the advancement of General Plaisted. He served as the Republican attorney general of the State of Maine, but was very far from filling the office as it had been filled by his distinguished predecessors. He was next chosen to serve the remaining portion of the term left incompleted by the death of General Hersey in the Forty-third Congress, but gained little reputation in that body. His position on committees was filled no better, no worse, perhaps, than similar ones by Ladd or Murch, who do not certainly add any credit to the delegation from Maine. He was reelected to the Forty-fourth Congress, but was defeated for the nomination to the Forty-fifth, and from that moment he began to turn toward those opposed to the party which had honored him, and to affiliate with those who sought its destruction, not openly and avowedly, but quietly and stealthily until disguise was no longer possible, when he made bids for the Greenback nomination which Ladd got. Since that time he has catered to the Fusionists, he gave them counsel at the attempted steal of the State and now, as the fruits of his labors, has the distinguished honor of being the gubernatorial candidate of a shameful coalition.

[From the Belfast Journal.]

The Democratic party of Maine, which has been in a moribund condition for a year or more, departed this life at Bangor on Tuesday, June 1, 1880. The Greenback party may be said to have expired at the same time, for it had no voice and received no recognition in the mongrel conventions which assembled in Bangor on that day to organize a predatory raid on the state treasury. The opposition to the Republican party in this State now consists simply of the free lovers and communists of the late Greenback party, and of the Democrats engaged in the State steal—men without fixed principles on any question and whose only object is plunder. Of the choice of Plaisted as their candidate for Governor, it only need be said that it shows due regard for the fitness of things. Plaisted and plunder will be the watchwords of the Fusionists.

[From the Rockland Free Press.]

There is to be music in the camp, and poor, deluded Plaisted is marked for slaughter. There are large numbers of men who, unlike the foxy Wilson of Thomaston, are not willing to

Bend the supple hinges of the knee,
That thrift may follow fawning.

They are not ready to say as he is reported to have done, that they are ready to support any man, caring not who. They are not ready as he is to join the party who have the odium of the State-steal on their shoulders and give it public approbation. But we hear them saying "This is not democracy; it is worse than child's play. It is folly and disgrace, and I'll none of it." When the votes are cast in September, if these democrats go to the polls their votes will not bear the name of the office-seeking renegade, Harris M. Plaisted. Mark that.

[From the Boston Traveller.]

The old adage, "Evil communications corrupt good manners," was never more luminously illustrated than by the conduct of the Democratic party of Maine in its State convention at Bangor Tuesday. During the greater portion of the twenty years last past the Democratic party of Maine, though in a decided minority of the people of the State, has ever been regarded a respectable party. Though often seeking their advantage in a hotly contested campaign by somewhat questionable practices, it was yet never dreamed by their political opponents that the Democrats of Maine could so far degrade themselves as they undoubtedly did by their action at Augusta last winter. After assembling in unusual numbers in convention, and passing a few resolutions of an unimportant local bearing, they proceeded to nominate as their candidate for Governor, one of the rankest of Greenbackers, who had just received the nomination of the neighboring convention of his party assembled in another hall. They swallowed him bodily, just as he came, reeking from a platform of crazy soft-money theories. Without enunciating a platform of principles themselves, they nominated General H. M. Plaisted for Governor, standing on a platform of repudiation.

If the Democrats of Maine yet possess any belief in honest money, this is eating crow with a vengeance. But they will find themselves at last suffering the pangs of indigestion without sufficient recompense. For unless we are greatly mistaken in the character of the Republicans of Maine, they will, with Mr. Blaine at their head, throw their accustomed Presidential majority in September next, whether the candidate be Ulysses S. Grant or James G. Blaine. The tricks of Fusion cannot prevail in Maine under any circumstances this year, and the Dirigo State will unquestionably lead the Republican column to victory as of old.

[From the N. Y. Times.]

The virtue of the Maine Democrats has succumbed once more to the Greenbackers, and Fusion is perpetuated. The Greenbackers, having nominated Harris M. Plaisted on a wildly extreme platform of their own, adjourned. The Democrats had taken a recess meantime, and when they came together again they also nominated Plaisted, and then ran away, as if ashamed of what they had done. They did not even tarry to formulate a platform or nominate Presidential Electors. This year both parties, warned by their reverses, cheerfully drop every semblance of principle and unite for plunder.

KEY TO GEN. PLAISTED'S DEMOCRACY.

The civil service must be reformed. The Senate, a secret body, has the power of confirmation and rejection."—*Plaisted's Speech, June 1st, 1880.*

Had it not been for a judicious exercise of this power, Plaisted would have been astride the Republican party in this section, as the dispensing power behind the throne.

One of our leading Democrats, when asked how he liked the nomination of Plaisted, replied that "the Democratic party haven't any chance in Maine, and if we can beat you with a mongrel like Plaisted we're going to do it." "If you don't elect him, how about the disgrace?" "Oh we're used to that; a little more or less, won't make much difference."

DELEGATES. Delegates from Foxcroft to State Convention: Asa F. Davis, J. B. Mayo, R. L. Merrill, E. J. Hale.

To District Convention: O. P. Martin, Alphonzo L. Ober, W. W. Miller, R. L. Merrill.

At the caucus in Lincoln, Saturday, the delegates to the district convention elected, three in number, are favorable to the nomination of Capt. Boutelle. This is an unexpected victory.

"That man Davis in the Governor's chair," (Foster's Greenback speech) is generally thought to be as much of a man as Foster.

The WHIG AND COURIER office was the rendezvous Saturday evening of an anxious and hopeful crowd of Republicans, bending their ears to the telegraph wires to catch the least flashes of news from the convention. It was a reminder of the scenes of 1876 and all evinced the same hopeful spirit concerning the prospects of their nominee. There was applause on the receipt of Capt. Boutelle's enthusiastic despatch, and every item of telegraph news was gobbled up with avidity. At half-past one the crowd dispersed, intending to visit us to-day and receive intelligence of the nomination of Mr. Blaine. The edition of the Sunday Whig soon melted away on its appearance early yesterday morning. The people appreciate enterprise.

Special Notices.

ST. JOHN'S COMMANDERY

Stated Conclave

Monday Evening, June 7, at 7½ o'clock, at Masonic Hall.

K T

House for Sale.

House No. 136 Essex Street, formerly occupied by Capt. Hiram Carlisle. For further information enquire at PENOBSCOT SAVINGS BANK. June5 on

Summer Millinery.

The leading styles at

NO. 2 MIDDLE STREET,

Mrs. Eben Stevens.

apr22 sm tf

To Sewer Builders.

Sealed Proposals will be received until Thursday, June 10th, 1880, for constructing eight hundred feet of Sewer, more or less, on Fifth Street, between Eaton's Lane and Warren Street; the Sewer to be built according to the plan and specifications which may be seen at the City Clerk's Office. The right of rejecting any or all proposals not considered for the interest of the city, is hereby reserved. Proposals should be sent or handed to the Committee on Sewers previous to three o'clock Thursday afternoon, June 10th, 1880. Committee on Sewers, per

June4 1w sn THOS. W. BALDWIN.

Greenback Convention.

A special train will leave Portland via Grand Trunk Railway,

JUNE 5TH,

—FOR—

CHICAGO.

Tickets good to return up to July 1st will be issued for

$19.00 For the Round Trip.

Call on address, FRED H SMALL, Passenger Agent, Grand Trunk Railway, Bangor, Me. P. M. BLAKE, City Agent, or any of our agencies in Maine. June1 (Com copy) 1wsn

DAMAGED CLOTHING,

—BY—

Water and Smoke Only!

—THE—

Boston Clothing Co.,

Having made arrangements for the sale of a large amount of clothing slightly damaged by the late fire at the great manufactory of Messrs. Wheaton, Burdett & Young, Boston,

Will Open Saturday, May 29th,

At 7 o'clock A. M.,

OFFERING SUCH BARGAINS IN

GENTS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

as will ensure a ready and speedy sale for the entire stock.

ALTON MILLIKEN, MANAGER,

Kenduskeag Bridge, - - - - Bangor, Me.

may28 [NEARLY OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.] sn' daw

CLOTHING.

We are now prepared to show a large stock of the

Very Best Clothing Ever Offered in Bangor.

All the novelties in

MEN'S FANCY ULSTERETTES AND SPRING OVERSACKS.

Fancy Summer Suits of all Colors.

—OF—

BOYS AND CHILDREN'S SUITS

We have the finest line in town, with EXTRA PANTS with every suit.

WE KEEP THE BEST NECK WEAR.

Furnishing Goods of all Kinds, Hats, Trunks and Umbrellas.

Please Look Us Over.

W. O. COLOMY & CO.,

NO. 3 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

april 7 d&w3m sn

MONEY

TO LOAN

In any Amount, from $50 Upwards, and all Persons Desiring to

Change

Their Present Form of

Investments,

And to Obtain the

Strongest and Best

SECURITIES,

Will Find it MUCH to their Advantage to Deal With

BOWLER & MERRILL,

Bankers,

And Proprietors of the

BANGOR SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS,

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor.

oct3 sn

Domestic Sewing Machine

is the LIGHTEST RUNNING and has all the improvements. No one can afford to buy a machine without *examining this.*

DWELLEY & CO., AGENTS.

may15 sn

Girl Wanted

to do general housework. Apply at J. H. CLERGUE'S, 50 Main Street.

may29 tf sn

RICHARD KELLEHER,

General Insurance Agent,

118 EXCHANGE ST., BANGOR.

Fire Insurance effected at low rates in first class companies.

march22 sn 3m

SEND BY THE

Penobscot River Express,

from Bangor,

For all Stations on the River, Boston, the South and West,

EVERY BOAT DAY.

BOSTON OFFICE, 91 KILBY STREET.

N. M. JONES & CO.,

AGENTS,

NO. 10 WEST MARKET SQUARE

march1 sn tf

Wanted.

Fifteen or twenty laborers to go to Katahdin Iron Works. Apply to

C. W. DAVIS, Jr., Treas.,

Depot Block, Exchange Street, Bangor.

may28th sn

FOR RENT.

The pleasantly located and convenient tenement, no. 9 LIME STREET. Possession given immediately. Rent low. Apply to ISAAC H. MERRILL, No. 7 Kenduskeag Block. april3 sn tf

Wanted.

A nurse to take care of small children. Apply at 134 HAMMOND STREET.

june1 sn

EVANGELINE.

Monday, June 14th.

june3 sn 4t

PEARL. PEARL.

—THE—

Pearl has no superior. That is why every Organ warranted to wear a lifetime or longer, excepting a reasonable wear and tear. Not a letter or word of fault found in Any instance where sold.

No Other Organ Has Stood the Test so Well.

Also, I have the Palace, Geo. Woods, Sterling and New England. Any piano in the market furnished for less money than by any other house.

SEWING MACHINES

at wholesale and retail. The new HOME and WHITE continue to give perfect satisfaction.

L. J. WHEELDEN, 76 Main Street.

PEARL. PEARL.

may21 sn

Moore's Crayons.

The public are invited to examine specimens of the crayon work of E. W. Moore, of Augusta, at Hardy's photographic studio, Kenduskeag Block. A picture of undoubted permanence at a moderate price.

march17 sn tf

BUCKSPORT & BANGOR RAILROAD

Change of Time, May 3d, 1880.

	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Bucksport,	5.30	10.30
Arrive in Bangor,	6.45	11.45
Leave Bangor,	7.35	1.50
Arrive in Bucksport,	8.45	3.05

Direct connection is made with trains on E. & N. A. Railway, thence with Bangor & Piscataquis Railroad. Also with the two through trains of the Maine Central.

Stage connection to the Mining Districts. Train leaving Bangor 7.35 A. M., connects with Cartier's stage line, arriving at Bluehill 12.00 M.

Stages for Castine, Ellsworth and connection east, leave Bucksport 1.00 P. M.

L. L. LINCOLN, Supt.

apr30 sn

Maine Insurance Report, 1880.

This report, page 70 shows the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL Life Ins. CO. has policies in force—1,652,

Insuring.....$9,747,737 00

in State of Maine, which is more than any other life company.

H. N. FAIRBANKS, General Agent,

June1 sn 1w 21 Main Street, Bangor, Me.

WHITE WINE

—AND—

Pure Cider Vinegar

FOR SALE LOW

—BY—

T. R. SAVAGE & CO.

June7

Logs at Auction.

The Prime Logs at Pea Cove belonging to the Penobscot Lumbering Association, will be sold at auction, at the office of the Treasurer of said Association in Bangor, on Friday, the 11th inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Per order of Directors.

ABRAM MOOR, Treas. P. L. A.

Bangor, June 7th, 1880.

ANOTHER LOT

—OF THOSE—

ELEGANT FLOWERS,

came to day. Also fresh shapes in

NEW HATS.

C. W. COFFIN,

No. 19 Main street.

June5

BUCK & THURSTON,

SOLE AGENTS

—FOR—

N. CURTIS & CO'S

GENTLEMEN'S

FINE BOOTS AND SHOES.

These goods are warranted to give satisfaction. If they give out before they have had a reasonable amount of wear, we will make good allowance in the judgment of the wearer, will be right and satisfactory.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES,

All Styles and Widths.

BUCK & THURSTON

No. 6 Main Street.

may4 eowAweowly

BEST IN THE MARKET.

It has Smyth's Patent Duplex Grate for Coal; High Hot Closet Stationary Hot Water Tank; Automatic Oven Shelf; Sifting Grate on Rollers, and all other modern improvements. Thousands upon thousands testify that for smoothness of castings, durability and economy it has no equal in the world. If you want the very best Range ever made, buy the New Clarion. Manufactured and for sale by

WOOD, BISHOP & CO.,

41 & 42 West Market Square.

may1 sn

WANTED.

[illegible]

April [illegible]

Good Pasturing.

[illegible]

BEST STOCK

DRESS GOODS

Mantles, Sacks,

—AND—

TALMAS,

BLACK CLOTHS,

Light Cloakings,

GIMPS and FRINGES

J. T. RINES & CO.

may11 sn

A FULL LINE

of Fireworks, Up to date

Fancy Crackers

—AT—

CHAS. YORK & CO'S

may17 [illegible]

CHAS. S. PEARL,

(Successor to Pearl & Weld)

Real Estate Broker, Insurance Agent,

—AND—

AUCTIONEER.

Office—22 West Market Square.

By CHAS. S. PEARL, Auc.

On MONDAY, June 14th, at 4 o'clock P. M., on the premises, we shall sell the house and lot of land on Cottage Street, formerly occupied by D. J. Stevens. The building is of modern style, very convenient and in excellent repair. The lot contains of 600 square feet, and is well stocked with Fruit trees. This property is worthy the attention of all persons desirous of obtaining a pleasant home for a moderate sum.

Bay State House.

252 Hanover Street, Boston, Mass.

Entirely refitted and refurnished. Most convenient to all Northern and Eastern depots and eastern steamers. Cars passing the entire city the entire length of the city. Elevator, excellent table and moderate prices.

W. A. WATERS, Proprietor. A. J. HEMENWAY, Manager.

apr21 eod 3m

GRAVES' PATENT IMPROVED DUNGE BED

FOR SALE BY

DOLE BROS., BANGOR, ME.

may14 eod4ow

FOUND.

Came into my enclosure, a year-old Jersey Heifer, which the owner is requested to take away and pay charges.

WALLACE TUPPER

June5 1w 50 Orrington

For Sale or Exchange.

A great young team with foal by Lee 2:18, for sale for cash or exchange for good family horse. Can be seen at

SPRAGUE'S STABLE,

Harlow Street.

may10

LIEBIG CO'S

COCA BEEF TONIC.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Card to the Public.

Feel as a deep interest in the [illegible] desiring to see the [illegible] playing discordant [illegible] country to be [illegible] turning that with [illegible] Dissolution [illegible] Bring expense of the Band. [illegible] ask you to [illegible] and for assurance that [illegible] open air concerts, which [illegible] have proved [illegible] pleasant [illegible]

Sincerely, [illegible]

IT IS A FACT,

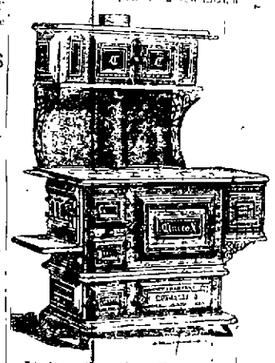
And we can Prove it,

That the

NEW CLARION

Portable Cooking Range

Leads all competitors in [illegible]



It has Smyth's Patent Duplex Grate for Coal; High Hot Closet Stationary Hot Water Tank; Automatic Oven Shelf; Sifting Grate on Rollers, and all other modern improvements. Thousands upon thousands testify that for smoothness of castings, durability and economy it has no equal in the world. If you want the very best Range ever made, buy the New Clarion. Manufactured and for sale by

WOOD, BISHOP & CO.,

41 & 42 West Market Square.

may1 sn

WANTED.

[illegible]

April [illegible]

Good Pasturing.

[illegible]

FOR SALE

—OR—

TO LET.

Beautiful Cottage Lots on Turtle Head, Castine. The location is the finest in Penobscot Bay. Unobstructed view of the bay and West Bay, and a large part of Waldo and Hancock counties. Abundant shade and charming grounds in different parts of the premises. The best facilities for bathing, boating and parties. Daily communication by steamers with Belfast, Castine and Brooksville. Good roads over the island. (12 miles in length) where the drives are unsurpassed. A few lots will be sold or let, in size and to suit on easy terms. Parties are invited to inspect the premises before locating elsewhere. Apply to

A. S. DAVIS,

Turtle Head, Islesboro, Me.

jun1 1mdeodlm

Boarders Wanted.

Gentlemen and their wives and single gentlemen can obtain good board and pleasant rooms at reasonable rates at No. 114 Hammond street.

may25 MRS. C. E. DICKSON. 2w

CITY DRUG STORE,

JUNE 5th.

FRESH LOT OF

London Purple

—AND—

PARIS GREEN,

—AT—

LOWEST RATES.

WM. E. MANN.

June5

GLOBE HOTEL

Main Street,

BANGOR, - - - MAINE.

This pleasant and convenient house is now open to the public, newly furnished throughout

Transient Rates $2.00 Per Day.

Reduced rates to Commercial travellers.

Centrally located, Bath Rooms, Closets, Electric Signals, and all improvements on each floor.

First-Class Stables Connected with the House.

R. H. STANLEY - - - MANAGER.

June5

THE ANNOYANCE OF

FLIES

during hot weather can be entirely avoided by purchasing some

Wire Screening

at RICE & SKINNER'S. All varieties in any quantity.

RICE & SKINNER,

West Market Sq.

June1

DIED.

In Holden, June 2d, Samuel S. Torrence, aged 62 years, 11 months and 23 days.

Massachusetts papers please copy.

June 5th, Mrs. Sallie, wife of John Hopkins.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR

SATURDAY, June 5.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Katahdin, Rox. Boston.
Sch Zone, Rendall, Boston.
Sch Addie (of Weald) Costello, Dover, N H
Sch Carpo, Tyler, Deer Isle.
Sch Anna F Colton, Cousins, Lubec.

CLEARED.

Steamer Cambridge, Ingraham, Boston.
Steamer City of Bangor, Webster, Bar Harbor.
Steamer Sea Flower, Wentworth, Northport.
Brig Wm Robertson, Hardy, Charleston, S C.
A F Young & Co.
Sch Webster Harnard, Turner, San Mateo, Fla.
H O Crosby & Co.
Barque Stimson, Brackhill, Eastern Point.
Sch [illegible] McFarland, Montgomery, New York.
[illegible] Stewart.
Sch Bel F Staples, Dixon, New York, ice by Pierce.
Sch Adams, Scott, New York, ice by Pierce.
[illegible] Lincoln, Locke, Homer, Pelham Bridge.
[illegible] James Walker & Co.
[illegible] Otsego, Shaw, Sag Harbor, L I.
[illegible] & Co.
[illegible] Matthews, Boston.
[illegible] Lector, Greenlaw, Boston.
[illegible] Wilham, Blodgett, Boston, Stock[illegible]
[illegible] & Co.
[illegible] Sparrow, Boston.
[illegible] Post, Boston, S B Gilman & Co.
[illegible] Jewell, Warriner, Rockland.
[illegible] Quinn, for a Bay port.
[illegible] Gunnare, Bowden, Penobscot.
[illegible] James Lawrence, Boston, S D.

SUNDAY, June 6.

ARRIVED.

Sch Laura Robinson, Luce, Albany, N.Y. mouldings sailed to wood, Bishop & Co.
Sch W E Leggett, Green, Boston.
Sch T B Smith, Greenlaw, Boston.
Sch Emma, Arey, Boston.
Sch Iowa, Parker, Boston.
Sch Eliza Frances, Tucker, Boston.
Sch Levant, Rich, Boston.
Sch Savannah, Atwood, Boston.
Sch Richmond, Eaton, Wellfleet.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

BOSTON Ar 3d, brig Corn Creek, Philbrook, Philadelphia; schrs Alice Dean, Watts, Pembroke;

Whig and Courier.

MONDAY, JUNE 7, 1880.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

Corinna for Boutelle.

[Special to the Whig.]

CORINNA, June 5. At the caucus this evening to select delegates to the district convention all four delegates chosen are for A. Boutelle for Congressman. W.

Greenback Train.

PORTLAND, June 5. The Greenback National Convention, four cars, by Grand Trunk, for Chicago at 11 this afternoon. The cars were decorated with mottoes, inscriptions.

Bowdoin College Field Day.

BRUNSWICK, Me., June 5. Bowdoin College had its field day at the Topsham fair grounds this morning. Athletic sports: Running broad jump, F. L. Johnson, class of '80, [illegible] Whitmore, 80, run [illegible] Johnson, 81 putting [illegible] 100 yards dash, [illegible] running broad jump, H. L. [illegible] standing broad jump and jump, Hagerman [illegible] Towle, 81, 220 [illegible] F. Johnson, 81, throwing [illegible] 81, standing broad jump [illegible] three-standing broad jump [illegible] half mile run, Anderson [illegible] Plimpton, 82; running hammer, Plimpton, 82; [illegible] three-legged race [illegible] and Payson, 80. 100 yards dash [illegible] Gideon, 80; tug of war, [illegible] from each class, won by '81.

Bowdoin vs. Bates.

BRUNSWICK, Me., June 5. Bates defeated Bowdoin six to five in a game of ball.

Fire in Machias.

MACHIAS, Me., June 5. A fire this afternoon destroyed Charles Berry's house, and two other buildings. Insured for [illegible]. Roofs of houses, stores, and piles of lumber caught from cinders in a long [illegible]. At one time a general conflagration seemed inevitable.

Attempt to Commit Suicide.

[illegible], June 5. Yesterday morning [illegible] Del Wal Goodwin of [illegible] neighborhood about 70 years of age, made an attempt to hang herself in a finished chamber of her house. [illegible] and in that she had passed her neck through over the wooden pin [illegible] from which she suspended herself. She was found before life was extinct, [illegible] doubtful. Supposed insanity.

CONKLING INJURES GRANT'S PROSPECTS.

Enthusiasm for Blaine Beyond all Others.

BLAINE WILL BE NOMINATED EARLY IN THE BALLOTING TO-DAY.

[Special Despatch to the Whig.]

CHICAGO, June 6. Conkling injured Grant and his cause by his speech last night, in spite of packing the house with Grant stampers. The enthusiasm for Blaine was beyond all others, and the feeling stronger than ever to-day; that he will be nominated early in the balloting to-morrow. C. A. BOUTELLE.

SEVERAL HATCH AFTER THE INDIANS.

WASHINGTON, June 5. General Hatch writes from Fort Custer that his four companies are reduced to about 100 men, but Indian scouts are in pursuit of the war party going to Mexico. There are 150 warriors in the party, probably Mogollon Indians and not Utes as was at first supposed, so the love many dead. The General in conclusion says he will catch them before they reach the Mexican line.

NEW YORK CITY.

Mass for the Repose of a Soul.

New York, June 6. The requiem mass for the repose of the soul of the late Emperor of Russia, was offered at the Greek chapel this morning. Among those present were Mr. Williamoff, Charge d'Affairs of Russia at Washington; Mr. [illegible], Consul General of Russia at New York, four foreign consuls resident in the city. Consul Meletsky read a letter from Mr. Cooper, expressive of sympathy for the royal family, and stating that it had been placed at half-mast on the Hall, in token of respect to the deceased.

THE ARMY WORM DOING ITS DESTRUCTIVE WORK.

PITTSPORT, L. I., June 5. The dreaded army worm can now be found in some parts of this section and their numbers are constantly increasing. The work of destruction has commenced.

SCHOONER BURNED.

HYANNIS, June 5. Schooner Alonzo, of Falmouth, for Shelburne, with a load of hay, running near Brayton's Island, off Barnstable, during a thunder storm last week, was struck by lightning and consumed to the water's edge.

MEXICO.

The Political Tumult.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 30. The leading politicians held a grand caucus of all parties opposing General Gonzales for the Presidency. Senores Vallarte and Zamacona and Genl Mejia were present. It is probable that this movement will unite all the opposition elements on Genl Mejia. The Chamber of Deputies formed a grand jury to judge Governor Teran of Vera Cruz for the hanging of June last. The [illegible] declared itself without jurisdiction, leaving Teran not having violated the Constitution but having committed an ordinary offence.

CALIFORNIA.

A $60,000 Blaze in Nevada.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6. A fire in Nevada City this evening, destroyed about [illegible] buildings in the Chinese quarter, and a number of stores and other buildings in the business part of the town. Loss $50,000 to $60,000.

Mayor Kalloch Again in Court—A Week in the Affair.

In the Neilson libel case Mayor Kalloch appeared in court Saturday afternoon, accompanied by counsel, who moved for the dismissal of the case upon the affidavit of Mayor Kalloch to the effect that the complaint in this case was not proffered at his instigation or request, that he did not know Kydd, that Kydd had not to his knowledge been requested to make complaint by any friend of the affiant or member of his church, that all the prosecution proceedings, and founded upon the counter purpose of manufacturing an opportunity for the publication in private of obscene matter contained in the Neilson pamphlet, with a view of affecting the trial of the affiant sued on the charge of killing Charles de Young, and the trial of M. H. De Young on a charge of libelling the affiant. After some discussion on the part of the counsel, the case was continued for a term.

Rev. Wm. K. Eagan, for twenty years pastor of the Church of the Assumption in Brooklyn, has been appointed Vicar General of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Long Island.

IMPORTANT FROM CHICAGO!

CONTEST NARROWED DOWN BETWEEN GRANT AND BLAINE!

Report that Cameron Will Swing the Entire Pennsylvania Delegation for Blaine!

A REPORT OF OVERTURES FROM THE GRANT TO THE SHERMAN FORCES!

First Mention of the Massachusetts Delegation Since the Convention Assembled!

CHICAGO, June 6. There has been no combinations to-day as far as can be learned upon any candidate. The strength of the different names will probably not be affected in any appreciable degree by the day's intermission. Both of the principal candidates claim to have made slight gains. It is expected that the balloting for President will begin immediately on the reassembling of the convention.

In the political centres an impression seems to gain supporters that the contest will narrow down to a trial of strength between Grant and Blaine, as the abolition of the unit rule places it out of the power of the leaders to swing their delegations in favor of some candidate whom they might agree upon. Blaine's alleged popular strength in Pennsylvania has to-day given rise to much discussion of the likelihood of Cameron's seeing the expediency of casting his influence in Blaine's favor and so making nearly solid Pennsylvania for him. The latest political reports to-night are that the results of the various caucuses point to a long and wearying balloting to-morrow, that the forces of the several candidates have resolved to stick by their first choice.

One report has it that the Grant managers proposed the Sherman supporters that if they will give Grant the nomination to-day will immediately use his place and read a letter of declination from Grant, and on the next ballot Sherman would be nominated.

It is not reported that the Sherman men have accepted the overtures. It was stated in the afternoon that the Massachusetts delegation was breaking, but to-night 22 of them held a caucus and resolved never to vote for either Grant or Blaine.

☞ For Convention proceedings of Saturday, see first page.

CHICAGO CONVENTION.

Frye's Masterly Speech.

SECONDING THE NOMINATION OF MR. BLAINE.

Presentation of the Names of Sherman, Edmunds and Washburne.

Mr. Frye's Speech on Mr. Blaine's Nomination.

CHICAGO, June 5. Hon. Wm. P. Frye, of Maine, was allowed five minutes, after Mr. Pirsley, in which to second the nomination of Mr. Blaine. Mr. Frye said: I once saw a storm at sea in the night time. An old ship battling for its life. In the fury of the tempest darkness was everywhere, winds were raging and howling, huge waves beating on the sides of the ship, and making her shiver from stem to stern. The lightning was flashing, thunder was rolling, there was danger everywhere. I saw at the helm, calm, bold, courageous, immovable, a commanding form in the tempest, calm in commotion, quiet in danger, and hopful. I saw him take that old ship and bring her into the harbor, into still water, into safety. That man was a hero. (Applause.) I saw the good old Ship of State, the State of Maine, within the last year fighting her way through the same darkness, against the same dangers. She was freighted with all that is precious, with the principles of our Republic, with the rights of American citizenship, with all that is guaranteed to the American citizen by our constitution. The eyes of the whole nation were on her, and intense anxiety filled every American heart, lest the grand old ship 'The State of Maine,' might go down beneath the waves forever, carrying her precious freight with her; but there was a man at the helm, (cheers) calm, deliberate, commanding, sagacious, he made even foolish men wise, and courageous. He inspired the timid with courage. Hopeful, he gave heart to the dismayed, and he brought that good old ship safely into harbor, into safety. She floats to-day greater, purer, stronger for her baptism of danger. That man, too, was heroic, and his name is James G. Blaine. (Loud cheers.) Maine sent us to this magnificent convention with the memory of her own salvation from impending peril fresh upon her, to you the representatives of 50,000,000 of the American people, who have met here to counsel how the Republic shall be saved, she says. "Representatives of the people, take the man, the true man, the staunch man, for your leader who just saved me, and he will bring you to safety, and to certain victory. (Renewed vociferous applause.)

Sherman's Name Presented.

When Ohio was called Mr. Garfield amid great cheering advanced to the same position which Conkling had occupied. He nominated John Sherman in an eloquent speech. Winkler, of Wis., and Elliott, of S. C., (colored), seconded Sherman's nomination, the latter taking the opportunity also to pay a grateful compliment to Mr. Blaine. He said if any candidate went into this canvass relying on the vote of any southern State for his election, he would fail. We may put the votes in the ballot box, but we are powerless to have them counted for our nominee.

Edmunds' Name Presented.

Vermont being called, Frederick Billings rose to put in nomination Mr. Edmunds of that State as the most fitting name to be borne upon the Republican banner. No State can have a better right to name the Republican candidate, and none can name a better man. Republicanism runs in her blood. The man whom she names for President is no longer hers; he is the property and pride of the nation. Vermont looked forward through the years, and saw the gloomy and crime of giving up the government to a revolutionary Democracy, and she implored this convention to let nothing put Republican victory in peril; ought to make that victory secure by putting on the platform a candidate far better even than the platform—a candidate weak nowhere, but strong everywhere—the incarnation of the principles of said platform. Any other course foreboded disaster and courted defeat. Such a candidate as was needed was that brave, keen, vigilant man, on whom rested no shadow of evil report, the leader of the Senate, George F. Edmunds. (Cheers and applause.) Vermont nominated him for the Presidency, and asked the convention to accept him. (Applause.) The nomination was seconded by Mr. Sanford of Massachusetts.

Washburne's Name Presented.

Mr. Cassidy, of Wisconsin, presented the name of Elihu B. Washburne, of Illinois, as one who would give unity to the party and who is at once capable and worthy of public confidence.

Mr. Brandagee of Conn., seconded the nomination.

On motion of Mr. Morse of Massachusetts, the Convention, at 11 50 o'clock, adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

RHODE ISLAND.

Heavy Damages to a Fall River Steamer.

NEWPORT, June 6. The steamer Old Colony of the Fall River Line, en route from this port to New York, was run into last night off Race Rock Light, just before 11 o'clock by an unknown schooner, whose bowsprit and jibboom were carried away. The steamer's bulwarks, guard, rail and about forty feet of the joiner work on the port side were carried away, literally wrecking the kitchen. The schooner was able to proceed to New London, while the steamer returned here for repairs.

MARINE DISASTERS.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 6. Ship Thorndean of South Shields, from Genoa to Quebec, struck on the rocks near Lepoint and is a total loss. The crew reached the land with great difficulty. The crew of the wrecked bark Ontario of Gloucester, arrived here to-day. The vessel was jammed in the ice fifteen days and finally striking on the rocks was abandoned.

WASHINGTON.

Suicide of the Secretary of Japanese Legation.

WASHINGTON, June 6. Agie Takoio, Secretary of the Japanese Legation in this city, committed suicide this morning. The only clue to the cause of suicide was a letter left by the deceased by which he stated that he had been concerned in the insurrection of 1877 in Japan, and had forfeited his honor.

VIOLENT WIND STORM.

A Church Blown Down, and Part of the Congregation Killed.

CINCINNATI, O., June 6. The Commercial's Lima (Ohio) special says that during a violent wind storm to-day a church near Mt. Carey, Hancock county, was blown down, the roof falling on the congregation. Twenty persons were injured, three fatally.

The following were fatally injured: Rev. Stroud H. Melvales and a man, name unknown. Among the most severely injured are George Gresen and daughter, A. Cartright, E. Nunemaker, two Arnold boys and Laura Peebles.

CHICAGO.

Arrival of Greenback Delegates.

CHICAGO, June 6. The Vermont delegation to the National Greenback Convention arrived to-day.

Destruction of a Large Tannery.

CHICAGO, June 6. The large tannery of Eli Dunzinger & Co., was burned and the stock of finished leather, valued at $75,000, destroyed. Insured.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPT. OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., June 7—(1 A. M.)

Indications

For New England: Falling followed by stationary or rising barometer; nearly stationary temperature; south to West winds and partly cloudy weather.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Pope and Bismarck.

ROME, June 5. The deputation of the centre party of the German Reichstag, has arrived here to advise the Pope of the break off of all negotiations with Prince Bismarck. The deputation met with an unfavorable reception from the Pope.

A Duel Between Editors.

PARIS, June 6. A duel was fought today at Aiguertine between the editor of the Bonapartist newspaper, Le Suffrage Universal, and the editor of a Republican provincial journal. The former was slightly wounded. Rochefort's fever is increasing.

Reception to Parnell.

LONDON, June 6. On Saturday the Irish residents of London gave an enthusiastic reception to Parnell in St. James Hall.

Nihilism Declining.

ST PETERSBURG, June 6. The Nihilist agitation is declining.

Another Duel.

PARIS, June 6. The Dispatch has the following: The editor of the Voltaire fought a duel on Friday with a member of the Jockey Club. The former was wounded.

Prince De Santa Severina and De Fronsac fought a duel Saturday on the Belgian frontier. The Prince was wounded.

News from China.

HONG KONG, June 6. The latest caprice of the Chinese Government respecting Ching How, points to his respite and degradation to the low rank, with opportunities of a gradual rise to reserved power.

Anti-Foreign leaders at Pekin continue boisterous in defence of Russia and threaten war in case of the failure of Tseng's negotiations for the unconditional rendition of Ili. The war party was never stronger than at this moment, but careful observers nevertheless doubt the power of the minority, given Russian friction to throw the country into war against the wish and judgment of statesmen like Prince Kung and Li Hung.

Anxiety Concerning Attacks on the Cabinet.

LONDON, June 6. A Madrid correspondent reports that business men and public officials generally are indifferent, but begin to feel anxious about the attacks on the Cabinet. The most serious feature of the present crisis is the presence in the ranks of the opposition of General Martinez Campas, Senor Sagasto, Marshal Serrano, Genl Jovellar and other famous Generals. Senor Canovas Del Casullo being secure of a majority in both Houses, has determined to prorogue the Cortes until November.

Death of a German Painter.

Charles Lessing, the German painter, is dead.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

Lt. W. F. Zenin, of the United States Marine Corps, a son of Gen. Zenin, of Washington, was thrown from his carriage at Norfolk, Va., last night and killed.

Hanlan and Boyd, the champion scullers, arrived at Providence, R. I., this morning and were received by a committee of the Narragansett Boat Club. Both took practice upon the Seekonk Saturday morning.

The body recovered off Newport News is supposed to be that of Capt. Frank, of the schooner Mignonette, who was recently murdered by the negro Thompson.

Kentucky is about solid for Tilden.

D. M. Crawford & Son, of New York City, wholesale dealers in tobacco, one of the best known in the trade, have failed. Their liabilities are about $50,000.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, June 5. Sterling Exchange—Long 4 86@4 86½, short, 4 89@4 89½. Money easy at 3@4 per cent. on call.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, June 6. Flour is firm — sales 10,000 bbls — State $4 50@6 00, Ohio, $4 75@6 50, Western, 5 50@8 00, Southern 5 00@6 75. Wheat is quiet — sales 72,000 bushels — No. 2 Spring, 1 00, No. 1 White, May 00, No. 2 Red, 1 07@1 07½. Corn is firmer — sales 200,000 bushels — Mixed Western, 52@54, do future, 51@53. Oats firm—sales 22,000 bushels — No. 2 June, 00, State 41@47, Western, 41@46. Beef steady—sales 600 bbls — New Plain Mess, 10 75. Pork steady—New mess, 11 25. Lard — sales 140 tcs — Steam, 7 02½.

Appropriate Photographs for this season of the year: Garden Gate, Mora Set Boat, Rustic Bridge, Child's Swing, &c., at Weston's, 3 Smith Block.

may27 d&w

CURED HER DYSPEPSIA. A lady says: "I saw your advertisement of the People's Favorite Tonic Bitters and told my husband that I was going to try it for Dyspepsia. He said it was a humbug like many others, but I persuaded him to get a bottle, for trial. Its effect was wonderful; I never used anything that helped me so much. Unlike many other bitters its benefit is lasting. My husband now cannot say enough in its praise." See advertisement.

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LOCAL MATTERS.

New moon this evening.

This is the great day at Chicago.

The season for strawberry festivals is now at hand.

See the first page for the news contained in the Sunday morning extra.

Last week about eight thousand tons of ice were shipped from this port.

The interest in political matters is so great that local items are now scarce.

There was a pleasant Sabbath School concert at the Universalist church last evening.

Several of the pulpits were supplied yesterday by members of the East Maine Conference.

A number of the advance agents of the London Circus were at the Bangor House yesterday.

Mrs. Huckins, wife of John Huckins, Esq., died yesterday after an illness of several weeks.

James Slater, of Thornton, Me., fell in with a stranger in Boston, last week, and went home $115 poorer.

The first ripe field strawberries of the season were picked last week on the farm of Mrs Cutter in Brewer.

A large number of interested citizens remained in the WHIG office Saturday night to get the latest news from Chicago.

The prize logs at Pea Cove, belonging to the Penobscot Lumbering Association, will be sold at auction next Friday morning.

The liquor recently seized at Brown's saloon, in Brewer, was spilled by Constable Moon, Saturday afternoon, at the station house.

Rev. Father Murphy closed his connection with St. Mary's Catholic Church yesterday. Rev Father O'Brien, of Oldtown succeeds him.

The annual meeting of the Penobscot Conference of Congregational churches will be held in Hampden on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. The session commences to-morrow at half-past nine o'clock. At eleven o'clock the written report of the churches will be read. Afternoon session at two o'clock.

A CORRECTION. The item in Saturday's Commercial stating that Mrs Boutelle, of Bangor was seriously injured at Lewiston, was incorrect. The item originally appeared in the Lewiston *Journal*, which gave the name of Mrs Boutelle, of Bangor—evidently a mistake in location as there is no such name in this city—and in copying the name was changed to Boutelle, which gave rise to many inquiries here.

THE CROPS IN AROOSTOOK. Much grain was early sown in Aroostook, and is now looking finely. The grass crop is very promising. The farmers have generally done putting in their seed, and larger fields of wheat, oats and potatoes are sown and planted than ever before. The farmers have caused to trouble themselves with lumbering operations, and hence when winter gives place to spring, they are at home attending to their farming instead of being away on the river. The improvement is noticeable.

BOY MISSING. At about twelve o'clock last night a man by the name of Smith met Officer Walker on the street, and informed him that he was searching after his son, a boy about ten years old. He said he had not seen the boy since eight o'clock last evening, and after waiting until it was time for him to return, he started out to look him up, but although he had been searching for about two hours he had been unable to find any trace of the boy. Officer Walker started with the man to visit several houses, hoping they might get some clue.

BASE BALL. One of the most interesting games of base ball that has been played in this part of the State for some time, occurred Saturday, at Orono, between the Colby nine and the State College nine. The game was carefully played on both sides, comparatively few errors being made, and finally resulted in a victory for the Colbys by a score of six to one. At the close of the fifth innings the score stood one to zero in favor of the State College boys. The game occupied one hour and forty minutes. Mr. E. F. King, Colby '80, performed the duties of umpire in a satisfactory manner. Mr. H. R. Chapman, of this city, is captain of the Colby nine.

BANGOR REFORM CLUB. City Hall was well filled yesterday on the occasion of the regular meeting of the Bangor Reform Club. The meeting opened with reading the Scriptures by Miss Annie Page, of the Crusade, followed with prayer by Rev. Mr. Brown, of Calais. Earnest remarks were made by Messrs. McFarland and Paul R. Seavey of the Club. Rev. J. R. Clifford of Vassalboro, Rev. Mr. Brown, of Calais, Rev. A. J. Clifford, of Boothbay, and Rev. Mr. Haskell, of Waldoboro, made powerful and eloquent appeals in behalf of temperance, and were listened to with the closest attention by the audience. The meeting closed by the choir singing "Morning, noon and night."

PERSONAL. Mr. E. R. Kingsbury, to the regret of his many pupils, leaves Bangor to-day for Boston. During the last term a vast amount of work has been accomplished, at the rooms of the Bangor Art School. At the close of the school a vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Kingsbury for his courtesy, patience and fidelity. He has had a class at the rooms every morning, excepting upon the Sabbath, during the term. Besides the regular classes of the school, he has had two painting classes and a class in charcoal, which have met at the rooms during three afternoons of each week. The sketching party at the Nowell farm, last Saturday afternoon, was particularly enjoyable. Mr. Kingsbury's success, as a teacher of art, has been truly remarkable, and it is the earnest wish of one and all that he may pass a happy vacation and be enabled to return in the fall.

SABBATH SCHOOL CONCERT. A large audience assembled in the Hammond street vestry last evening, at which there were interesting exercises, conducted in the absence of the Superintendent, J. M. Daggett, who was too ill to be present, by Mr. J. F. Kimball, the Secretary. After singing by the school, and prayer by Rev. C. L. Mills, the Scriptures were read, other songs were sung, and an exercise—"The Clock"—representing the hours, by question and answer, was given by Mrs. Kimball, the Superintendent of the jeweller department, and the school. After singing, an admirable address was given by Rev. James Freeman, of the Methodist Sunday School Union, New York, illustrated by an invisible blackboard, upon which he drew the form of letters with invisible chalk, leaving the school to respond as to what the letters and words and signs were. The school gave close attention, and made prompt answers. His topic was the children who were brought to Christ, and the young man who came to Jesus. The exercises closed with singing, prayer and benediction by Rev. Mr. Freeman.

It may be said to the owners of buildings who object to telephone wires being attached to their structures, through fear of lightning, that the telephone wire is a much better conductor of the electric fluid than the lightning rod itself, possessing far superior ground connections, and therefore a better protector.

RULES FOR SUMMER. The first rule which the summer should lead us to observe, is that of doing everything deliberately. Locomotion should be reduced to a minimum. Happy is he who from all the fret and turmoil and worry of life has learned the lesson of taking the shady side of the street—nay more, of seeking streets of which both sides are shady. Thrice happy is he who, when he advances in the morning to his daily work, can maintain a certain deliberation, keeping guard over his pace and never for a moment forgetting that there is a warm and cool way of doing everything. A little care makes a deal of difference. Whoever starts out furiously may put himself into a fever for the day beyond the curative power of ice, of juleps or of fans. There is a method for the season if we can only maintain it. The whole matter amounts to no more than that we must take good care of ourselves and be simply sensible.

FOR THE LADIES. Flower epaulets will be the feature of summer-night festival and ball dresses. Lisle-thread gloves come in great variety, finer finished and cheaper than last year. Blankets are as much decorated as any other kind of clothing and covering. Black continues to be the favorite street dress of fashionable American women. Artificial flower aprons are the latest novelty in these lovely frail art creations. Towels are beautifully decorated with cross-stitch and other embroideries. Brides' traveling costumes are called "going-away dresses" in England. There is a tendency to revive the simple dresses of former days. Yellow, red, heliotrope, and green grow more and more fashionable. Fra Diavolo and Bolero are the names given to two new London hats. Watteau buttons, which are gems, are the fancy of Parisians. Buttonless gloves have the run of fashionable favor in Paris. In trimmings of bonnets and dresses red predominates. Beads in profusion are the ornaments most in vogue. White is to be the evening dress of the summer. Stockingnette is among new material for bodices. Corsage bouquets are again worn at the throat. All sorts of lace and net mitts are to be worn. Undressed kid gloves must be in light shade. Amber colored roses are worn on black hats.

ASSIGNMENT OF JUDGES. At the session of the Law Court in Augusta, the following assignments of Judges were made for the ensuing year: Chief Justice Appleton,—third Tuesday in September, Knox, first Tuesday in January, Penobscot, first Tuesday in March, Franklin, first Tuesday in April, Penobscot, Justice C. W. Walton,—third Monday in September, Androscoggin, fourth Tuesday in October, Lincoln, third Tuesday in December, Somerset, third Tuesday in April, Androscoggin. Justice W. G. Barrows,—third Tuesday in August, Sagadahoc, third Tuesday in September, Oxford, first Tuesday in October, Washington, first Tuesday in January, Waldo, fourth Tuesday in February, Piscataquis, fourth Tuesday in April, Lincoln. Justice Charles Danforth,—fourth Tuesday in September, Franklin, third Tuesday in October, Waldo, third Tuesday in December, Sagadahoc; third Tuesday in January, Androscoggin, first Tuesday in March, Kennebec, third Tuesday in April, Waldo. Justice W. W. Virgin,—third Tuesday in September, York, second Tuesday in October, Hancock, first Tuesday in December, Oxford; second Tuesday in January, Cumberland; second Tuesday in March, Oxford; second Tuesday in April, Cumberland. Justice John A. Peters,—second Tuesday in August, Penobscot, second Tuesday in September, Piscataquis, first Monday in October, Penobscot, second Tuesday in December, Knox, first Tuesday in February, Penobscot; second Tuesday in April, Hancock. Justice Artemas Libbey,—third Tuesday in September, Aroostook; third Tuesday in October, Kennebec, first Tuesday in January, Washington, second Tuesday in March, Knox, first Tuesday in April, Sagadahoc, fourth Tuesday in April, Washington. Justice J. W. Symonds,—third Tuesday in September, Somerset, second Tuesday in October, Cumberland; first Tuesday in January, York; last Tuesday in February, Aroostook, third Tuesday in March, Somerset; third Tuesday in May, York.

ADVERTISING CAR. The advertising car, No. 1, of the Great London Circus & Cooper, Bailey & Co's International Allied Shows, was at the Maine Central depot yesterday. The car is a triumph of the builder's art, and is as conveniently arranged for advertising purposes as a car could be made. At one end there is a spacious state room finished in ash and black walnut, it is handsomely carpeted and upholstered, and is provided with desk, berth, mirror, etc. The balance of the car is occupied by a saloon devoted to the advertising department. A case of drawers contains the electro type plates used by the newspapers, and large lockers hold the advertising sheet-posters, etc. There are seven beds arranged on the Pullman style, during the day they are stowed away overhead, but when let down at night they are all ready for occupancy. The car contains also a chime of 13 bells, the heaviest weighing 390 lbs., and the lightest 45 lbs. They are played by key-board and discourse loud, if not very elegant, music. The car is 65 feet long and cost several thousand dollars. The exterior is handsomely painted, the work of Whitman, the celebrated scenic artist of Philadelphia. On one end there is a picture of a man being shot from a cannon—one of the feats of the show—and an Indian scene. The other end has a representation of performing oxen and an athlete playing with the dancing balls. One side of the car has a picture of the capture of wild animals, and an arctic and tropical scene ended together, also a view of the electric light, which illuminates the six pavilions. The other side gives a representation of the long railroad train of the show, also a series of elephant scenes. Car, No. 2, of the Advertising Department will arrive one week from next Saturday. No. 2 carries a steam piano, which is said to produce greater melody than the chimes; a free Stereopticon Exhibition, precedes the show one week. The show proper will be in Bangor Saturday, June 26.

Sabbath School Anniversary.

The thirty-second anniversary of the West Bangor Sabbath School, was held yesterday afternoon, in the chapel. The exercises commenced with singing by the school under the lead of Mr. N. W. Littlefield, with Miss Katie W. Ingalls as organist, "We welcome the beautiful Sabbath of rest;" reading the Scriptures, by Mr. B. T. Todd; prayer by Rev. C. L. Mills; double quartette, "Rock of ages;" responsive reading by the Superintendent, A. L. Bourne, and the school of the S. S. Lesson; singing, by the school, "We are marching on"; report by the Secretary, W. G. Duren, the number of classes, 10; average attendance of the school, 68; contributions $43; singing.

Rev. Smith Baker, of Lowell, Mass., delivered an address, in which, in an impressive and familiar manner, he showed in what way each one might help and sustain the Sabbath school; each must call it our school, my school. By apt questions and remarks, he brought out clearly the object for which they should come to the Sabbath School, especially that they might learn of Jesus, and his salvation. The need of this, he illustrated by showing the black page of a book, representing the wicked heart; he next showed a red page, illustrating the text, "The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth from all sin," than a white page representing the heart cleansed, purified; and next a gilded page, representing the "golden streets" where all such would be gathered.

The address was followed by singing, "The land beyond the river"; prayer by Mr. B. P. Todd, singing, "Sweet Sabbath School"; reference was made to the death of Deacon Sewal, of Winthrop, who furnished the school with a beautiful tablet, benediction by Rev. Calvin White, of Amherst, Mass.

EAST MAINE CONFERENCE.

Thirty-Third Annual Session—Exercises Saturday and Sunday.

Prayer meeting at 8½ o'clock, conducted by G. R. Palmer. After the reading of the Journal, Rev. F. H. Hazlewood of this city, Fraternal Delegate from the Baptist Church, was introduced, and addressed the Conference. Rev. Dr. Freeman, of New York, and Rev. Dr. Warren, of Boston University, were introduced to the Conference. Revs. E. Bryant, B. S. Stinson, and T. B. Tupper, took a Supernumerary relation. Rev. E. M. Fowler, W. H. Pillsbury, W. L. Browning, R. Day, L. Wentworth, W. H. Crawford, N. Norris, E. B. Fletcher, R. S. Dixon, A. Kendall, J. N. Marsh, J. H. Murphy, and N. Webb, were continued Supernumeraries. Rev. R. Day was requested to preach a semi centennial sermon at the next session of the Conference.

A. W. C. Anderson, J. R. Clifford, and J. Tuttle were elected to Local Deacons Orders. G. W. Hudson was elected to Local Elders Orders. Rev. E. L. Howard, Fraternal Delegate from Free Baptist Church, was introduced and addressed the Conference. Dr. Warren addressed the Conference, stating the work of the Boston University.

In the afternoon the Sunday School anniversary was held. Rev Dr. Freeman made the address, after which the conference opened. The following young men were admitted on trial, F. W. Towle, W. Baldwin, R. B. Gardner, C. A. Mainard, J. R. Offord. The committee on Freedman's Aid, Education, Bible Course, Temperance, Book Concern, and Sunday Schools reported. The standing committees for next year were appointed.

In the evening the anniversary of the Bible Society was held. Rev. Dr. Hunt, Secretary of the American Bible Society, addressed the congregation, in which he showed the work of that society.

At nine o'clock yesterday morning a Conference Love Feast was held, at which Rev. L. D. Wardwell presided.

At half past ten Bishop Foster, assisted by Revs. Stone and Williams ordained as deacons, John R. Clifford, J. Tuttle, A. W. C. Anderson and J. H. McKown. At the close of these services Bishop Foster delivered a very powerful sermon. The church was literally packed and many were unable to gain an entrance.

In the afternoon another large congregation assembled at the same place, to listen to an able sermon by Rev. Dr. Warren, President of the Boston University. At the close of the sermon the Bishop ordained the following as Elders: C. A. Southard, G. W. Hudson, V. P. Wardwell, A. Tyler, E. H. Tunnicliffe.

At half-past seven o'clock last evening the Missionary Anniversary was held. A large audience was in attendance. Rev. A. Church presided. Opened with prayer by Prof. Hamlin, of the Bangor Theological Seminary.

C. H. Fowler, D. D., LL. D., of New York, Missionary Secretary, delivered an eloquent and masterly address on the subject of Foreign Missions.

Conference this morning at half-past seven o'clock. The appointments will be read off in time for those going West to take the boat.

Ivy Day Exercises at Bowdoin.

The Ivy day exercises of the class of '81 took place Wednesday afternoon, at the College Chapel. The attendance, as usual on this occasion, was large and fashionable. Many friends of the class from out of town were present. The exercises were opened with music by Chandler's six, who discoursed fine music throughout the exercises. Prayer was offered by A. G. Pettingill, Brewer. The orator of the day, Mr. Albert C. Cobb, Deering, was then introduced by the president of the class. Mr. Cobb selected as the subject of his oration, The Need of a New Educational System. After the oration, a poem was delivered by Mr. C. H. Cutler, Farmington. Mr. Cutler's subject was an old legend of Puritan days. It was well treated and excellently delivered. The class then sung an ode written by Mr. F. L. Johnson, Pittsfield. The class then marched out of the chapel and the ivy honors were awarded by the president of the class, Mr. Charles Haggerty. Mr. Haggerty, in his presentation speeches, made hits which were appreciated by the class. The responses were in good taste and well received. The honors were as follows:

Best moustache, E. O. Achorn, Newcastle; large man, A. Q. Rogers, Pembroke, handsome man, Alfred Hitchcock, Strong, dig., C. E. Harding, Hallowell, poetist, W. I. Cole, Brunswick, popular man, F. A. Fisher, Westford, Mass.

After the presentations, the ivy was given in charge of the curator, Mr. E. H. Chamberlain, who received it with appropriate words. The ceremony of planting the ivy was then performed.

The ivy hop occurred Wednesday evening in Lemont Hall, with music by Chandler.

The field day exercises of the Athletic Association occurred Thursday morning at the Sagadahoc fair grounds in Topsham.

Business Items.

Faintness before eating, pain and distress afterward, prevented by Malt Bitters.

"Home sweet home" has been sung in every land, but no home is complete without a good supply of *Adamson's Botanic Balsam*, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, and Lung troubles. Price, 35 and 75 cts. New size, 10 cts. MWS&w.

I have derived much benefit from using Fellows' Hypophosphites in chronic constipation. JOHN B. MOORE, Forest City, Montana. eod&w

Nervous and general debility overcome by Malt Bitters because nourishing and quieting.

Many prominent physicians are prescribing Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills. These Pills are the result of scientific experiment of an eminent physician of 20 years successful practice. In the cure of sick headache, neuralgia, nervousness, or sleeplessness they never fail. 1y je30

SICK FOLKS CAN SAVE MONEY by buying the medicine known as Kidney-Wort. It is a dry, vegetable compound of wonderful efficacy in all diseases of the liver and kidneys. One package makes six quarts of medicine which contains no poisonous liquors, being prepared in pure water. See large advertisement. d&w

SAVED HER LIFE. Messrs. P. W. HUBBARD & Co.: My wife was a great sufferer from Sick Headache, Dizziness, and Constipation, for a long time. She tried many remedies, but found nothing that would give her relief until she tried the People's Favorite Tonic Bitters. She was restored to health by their use. I am confident they saved her life.—DR. F. See Advertisement. may27

FOWLER'S FIRE-PROOF BOND AND NOTE CASE. One difficulty experienced in the use of fire-proof safes is, that while they protect metallic and similar substances, bank notes and valuable papers are charred and rendered worthless by the intense heat, generated by a conflagration. This difficulty is obviated by the fire-proof bond and note case, invented by N. C. Fowler of Roxbury, made of magnesia-calcine, asbestos and clay board, materials which are absolutely indestructible by heat. The cases are so constructed, with air chambers between the walls, as to prevent the temperature of the interior from rising above 400 degrees, at which heat paper begins to char. They are handsomely covered with real Russia leather, and exceedingly ornamental as well as useful. They have been tested by Mr. Francis Alger, of the South Boston Iron Company, and gave a complete satisfaction. J. B. Simpson, Agent. Please examine at A. J. Chapman's Office, West Market Square, Bangor, Me. jun5 tf

"THE DOCTOR TOLD ME to take a blue pill, but I didn't for I had already been poisoned twice by mercury. The druggist told me to try Kidney Wort and I did. It was just the thing for my biliousness and constipation, and now I am as well as ever." d&w1w

MALARIA. If you live in districts where you are subject to malaria, you should keep your liver and kidneys in perfect order that they may throw it off. The great preventive is the Celebrated Kidney-Wort. Use it whenever you are constipated or bilious and you will never have a touch of the chills. d&w

DEAL WITH BOWLER & MERRILL, No. 7 KENDUSKEAG BLOCK, BANGOR, IF YOU WISH TO OBTAIN THE VERY BEST AND SAFEST SECURITIES FOR THE INVESTMENT OF TRUST FUNDS AND SAVINGS AT THE LOWEST PRICES. de

When gazing in your lover's eyes
How soon his sense of rapture dies—
If there is no sweetness in your breath
If by your failing teeth be shown
That SOZODONT to you is unknown,
And that your mouth is suffering death

Kidney-Wort radically cures Biliousness, Piles and nervous disease. dawlw m22

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Appetite, refreshing sleep, the equilibrium of flesh and color, the blessings attendant upon the reparative processes which this priceless invigorant specifically initiates and carries to a successful conclusion. Digestion is restored and strengthened by such the sustaining organ by the fitters which is unequaled even by the tonic palate, vegetable in composition, and thoroughly safe. Female ills all Druggists and Dealers generally. feb4 d&w 4m jun4

For Sunday Schools!

For Temperance!

THE BEST NEW BOOKS!

TEMPERANCE JEWELS, by J. H. TENNEY and Rev. E. A

Spurgeon says Punctuality is one of the minor moralities, but it is one which every young man should carefully cultivate. The very smallness of the virtue makes its opposite vice the less excusable. It is as easy to be in time as it is to be five minutes late, when you once acquire the habit. Let it be acquired by all means, and never lost again. Upon that five minutes will depend a world of comfort to others and every Christian should consider this to be a very weighty argument. We have no right to cause worry and aggravation to others, when a little thoughtfulness on our part would prevent it. If the engagement be for 12 o'clock, we have no authority to make it 12 5, and by doing so we shall promote nobody's happiness. That odd five minutes may create discomfort for ourselves throughout the entire day, and this perhaps may touch the sluggard a little more keenly than any less selfish consideration. He who begins a little late in the morning will have to drive fast, will be constantly in a fever, and will scarcely overtake his business at night, whereas he who rises in proper time can enjoy the luxury of pursuing his calling with regularity, ending his work in fit season, and gaining a little portion of leisure. Late in the morning may mean putting and blowing all day long, whereas an early hour will make the pace an easy one. This is worth a man's considering. Much evil comes of hurry, and hurry is the child of unpunctuality.

The waste of other people's time ought to touch the late man's conscience. A gentleman, who was a member of a committee, rushed in fifteen minutes behind the appointed hour, and scarcely apologized, for to him the time seemed near enough, but a Quaker, who happened also to be on the committee, and had been compelled to wait because a quorum could not be made up to proceed with the business, remarked to him, "Friend, thou hast wasted a full hour. It is not only thy quarter of an hour which thou hast lost, but the quarter of an hour of each of the other three, and hours are too precious that we can afford to throw them away." We once knew a brother whom we named "the late Mr. S," because he never came in time. A certain tart gentleman, who has been irritated by this brother's unpunctuality, said that the sooner the name was literally true the better for the temper of those who had to wait for him. Many a man would much rather be fined than be kept waiting. If a man must injure me, let him rather plunder me of my cash than my time. To keep a busy man waiting is an act of robbery, and is also an insult. It may not be so intended, but certainly if a man has proper respect for his friend, he will know the value of his time, and will not cause him to wait. There is a cool contempt in unpunctuality, for it as good as says, "Let the fellow wait, who is he that I should keep my appointment with him."

The wisest and the most thinking men among us believe that we are entering on the most prosperous times ever seen in these States. If this is true all will share in its prosperity, and many of the young men in this congregation will become millionaires. The temptation to narrow down the sympathies in order to grow rich while we neglect God is great, and I want to plead that we shall not fall into this snare. Young men ought to think of taking to themselves wives and rearing families, as if such things were near at hand, instead of being in the distant future, and young women should have other thoughts than of silks, jewels, balls and parties. A man does not want to marry a musical box and young women should prepare them elves for good American wives. Another reason why people are not rich toward God is the idea men entertain that they should leave large provisions for their families. It is better for the children that they should build up their own fortunes. Rich men's sons are not likely to be worth more than their fathers gave them. The wealthy young American goes to Paris or London, gets a lot of ve[illegible] on all American inst[illegible] them in Paris in 1878.—

The Davis Vertical Feed Sewing Machine, is the best life for the public without an equal in simplicity, durability or variety of work. Old machines exchanged, repaired or for sale at great bargains at

16 Main Street,
A. L. BOURNE, Manager.

WANTED AT ONCE.

10 good Custom Pant Makers. Steady work and good pay.

ROBINSON & AREY,
WHEELWRIGHT & CLARK BLOCK.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
MINERAL
WATERS
ON DRAUGHT.
A CHOICE LINE
—OF—
IMPORTED and DOMESTIC
CIGARS
—AT—
SWEET'S DRUG STORE,
NO. 2 MAIN STREET.

FOLDING LAWN
SETTEES,
SELLING LOW,
—AT—
SNOW & AVERILL'S,
West Market Square.

Real Estate.

Good Rent.
House No 8 Third Street near Union St Pleasant, convenient, good repair. Rent low. Inquire at millinery store of
L. W. COFFIN
10 Main Street.

For Rent.
Tenement now occupied by me, No 151 French street.
CALDWELL SWEET

For Sale in Bluehill.
Store and ship yard now occupied by J. K. Chase. Best place for business yard and wharf and most widely known store in the county. Address,
W. F. FALLENER
So. Boston, Mass.

House to Rent.
Head of Court Street, called Wiswell's house, 10 rooms suitable for boarders.
L. A. BOWLER to Prince Agent,
NO. 10 COURT STREET.

FOR RENT.
Several Tenements in good condition, with Holly Water, by
A. L. SIMPSON

For Rent.
Several genteel tenements
GEO. A. THATCHER.

For Rent.
Second tenement up two flights, corner of Court Street. Enquire of
DR. A. C. HAMLIN.

House for Sale.
That very desirable house No 12 Somerset street, two stories and ell. Lot 100 feet on Pine street and 150 feet on Somerset street, STONE to adjoin cemented cellar, all the improvements in a special manner. For further information enquire of

To Let.
Two houses with stables
M. LINCOLN.

TO LET.
The very desirable [illegible] Pleasant Street, corner of [illegible] with Holly water, Public Gas, fruit trees, with or without the stable adjoining.
C. W. FLINT
Cedar Street.

Saw Mill For Sale.
The subscribers offers for sale the two King Saw Mills situated about one mile from Freeman New Brunswick, on the St John River together with well seasoned stock, of lumber, an working machinery, small house and barn.
The Mills are in good running order and have two good Gangs with latest improved mandrel, circular, Shingle Dogging Edger, Butting Table, etc. etc.
No repairs necessary to commence work.
This Mill offers only situation that small expense could be fitted for manufacture of cedar shingles or any such work.
Vessels navigating the river can load at the Mill Yard and the Railroad runs close to the Mill.
R. A. R. J. STEVENS
St John, N. B., 20th May 1881.

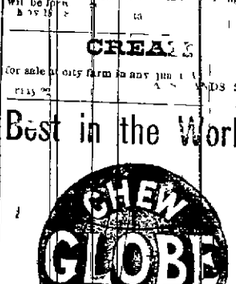
FILES! --- FILES!

Now is the Time to Sharpen Up
and get rent for his seed. I have on hand
1000 DOZEN FILES
And am finishing off the dozen pattern which I am selling at
The Lowest Prices.
And will warrant them equal to any imported.
Old Files Recut as usual
JOB COLLETT - - - Exchange St.

Dwelling House Insurance Co.
Insures only DWELLINGS and FURNITURE. No business risks taken. Separate bonus homes from extra hazards. No assessment. Branch office for the city
JOHN S. KIMBALL, Agent,
Exchange Street.

MOUNT HOPE.
The subscriber is prepared to do all kinds of work at Mount Hope, on reasonable terms and satisfaction will be found. Orders left at the Cedars will be promptly attended to.
CREAM
for sale at any farm in any quantity.

Best in the World!



Globe Tobacco Co., Detroit, Mich.
THOS. McGRAW, President.
[ESTABLISHED 1870.]
WAITT & BOND,
AGENTS, 53 Blackstone Street, BOSTON.
The Most Popular Fine Cut Tobacco Manufactured in Detroit, and the great favorite in all Western cities.

TO ALL LOVERS
—OF—
Fine Flavored
English Breakfast Teas.
We have just received an invoice of new fine flavored ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEAS. These Teas cannot be excelled by any dealer in this country, as they are the best imported, and are really the most wholesome Teas to drink, and cannot help being appreciated by judges of this grade of Teas.
We sell them at the following low prices:
Choice E. B. Tea, .60c per lb.
Superior " " .75 "
Very Best " " .90 "
Give us a Call.
TEA WHITE.

FIRE WORKS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
CHINESE AND JAPANESE LANTERNS.
POLITICAL FLAGS
FOR FLAG RAISING.
JULY 4 GOODS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
HYDE & CO.,
58 CHAUNCY STREET, BOSTON.
PROPRIETORS OF Æ. NA LABORATORY.

THE BEST HOTEL IN THE WORLD
THE BUCKINGHAM
FIFTH AVENUE & FIFTIETH STREET
OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL
NEW YORK
NEAR GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT
FROM ELEVATED R R STATION
EUROPEAN PLAN. CHARGES REASONABLE
JOSLIN & FULLER
PROPRIETORS

The Promoter and Perfector of Assimilation.
The Reformer and Vitalizer of the Blood.
The Producer and Invigorator of Nerve and Muscle.
The Builder and Supporter of Brain Power.
Fellows Compound Syrup is composed of Ingredients which cal with those who constitute Healthy Blood, Muscle and Nerve and Brain Substance, whilst Life itself is directly dependent upon some of them.
By its union with the blood and its effect upon the muscles are established and one strengthening the other, it is capable of effecting the following results.
It will diminish or wash out tuberculous matter and thus cure Consumption.
By increasing Nervous and Muscular Vigor will cure Dyspepsia, feeble or interrupted action of the Heart, Palpitation, Weakness of the Limbs, easily tired, weary overtaxed or irregular habits, Bronchitis, Acute or Chronic, Congestion of the lungs, even in the most alarming stages.
It cures Asthma, Loss of Voice, Neuralgia, St Vitus Dance, Epileptic Fits, Whooping Cough, Night sweats and is a most wonderful adjunct to other remedies in sustaining life during the process of Diphtheria.
Do not be deceived by worthless articles bearing similar name, or other preparations substituted for this under any circumstances.
Look out for the name and address, J. F. FELLOWS, St John, N. B., on the yellow wrapper, with watermark which is seen by holding the paper before the light.
Price $1.50 per Bottle, six for $7.50.
Sold by all Druggists.
MWF&w1y

OLD
DR. GOODHUE'S
ROOT & HERB
BITTERS,
The Great Blood Purifier!
[illegible] of the best of all [illegible] time, having been in use [illegible] years. [illegible] Purifier and Regulator of the system, [illegible] the blood of all poisonous matter, and thus [illegible] diseases by building up strong [illegible] of pure rich blood, [illegible] the blood, and health will follow.
[illegible] Price [illegible] which [illegible] all other bitters of its kind. None genuine unless manufactured by
J. H. RUSSELL & CO., Salem, Mass.
[illegible] Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
MWF&w3m

NOTICE TO OWNERS
—OF—
WILD LANDS.
STATE OF MAINE.
EXECUTIVE COMMISSION,
AUGUSTA, April 12th, 1880.
ORDERED That public notice be given to all persons having wild lands or timber lands in the State of Maine, to make and return to the Valuation Commission at Augusta, on or before the 1st day of September, a true and correct list of such lands, by them owned respectively situated in the County, stating the number of Township and Range, and the number of acres and the true and actual value of each lot or parcel; and that all such lands owned by persons having no such return made, will be valued by the Commission, and the report thereof will be just and equal to other property in the State.
Also that a hearing will be given to all parties interested in such lands, commencing on Tuesday 28th inst., at the State House in Augusta.
By order of the Commission.
GEO. E. SAWYER, Secretary.
may12 sd d&w3w

ONLY TWO DOLLARS A YEAR.
The Biggest and Cheapest Literary Periodical in the World.
WIDE AWAKE
FOR 1880
Hosts of things to enjoy. Among them will be
Two Capital Serial Stories:
FIVE LITTLE PEPPERS AND HOW THEY GREW, by Margaret Sidney. Illustrations by Jessie Curtis.
TWO YOUNG HOMESTEADERS, by Theodore R. Jeaness. Illustrated by Robert Lewis.
There will also be Four Two part Stories; Six Short Stories, THE BOY THAT WAS TOO BEAUTIFUL; OUR STORE; AT PLYMOUTH OAK FARM.
OUR AMERICAN ARTISTS.
Mr. S. G. W. Benjamin will continue these papers which have been so highly welcomed by the people at large being the only Art Series prepared for young readers; and, as during 1879, they will be largely illustrated by the artists themselves, and will also take in our Sculptors, Bird and Flower Painters, Book and Magazine Illustrators, and Engravers.
CONCORD PIC-NIC DAYS.
Under this title Mr. Geo. B. Bartlett will present a series of Out-of-Doors Games for both Boys and Girls. These amusement papers will be full of Concord reminiscences of famous haunts, and noted people whose names are familiar to the literature and art of two continents.
Professor M. P. Paul and his Discoveries in the Starry Heavens.
Chronicled in Verse by John Henry Jack. Illustrated by Adalbert Ann. The entire collection will be arranged and edited by John Brownjohn, and the drawings retouched by Miss Mary A. Lathbury.
Interesting to Teachers!
A series of TWELVE ORIGINAL EXERCISE SONGS, for use in Public Schools, are being prepared for WIDE AWAKE, under the supervision of Mr. Louis C. Elson, a gentleman well known to the musical public of Boston and New York.
Delightful Surprises Every Month!
Now is the time to subscribe. Only $2.00 a year. Agents wanted. Liberal Commissions. Address all orders and inquiries to
D. LATHROP & CO., Publishers,
32 Franklin Street, Boston, Mass.

Maine Medical Association.
The annual meeting of the Maine Medical Association will be held in the City Building, Portland, on June 15th, 16th and 17th, 1880.
CHAS. O. HUNT, Secretary.
may26 dt

$5 REWARD---DOG STOLEN.
Brown and White Cocker Spaniel. Had on a strap collar with name of owner. Stolen from C. Stodder, No. 4 West Broadway, Bangor. Five dollars will be paid for any information leading to the recovery of the dog, who was stolen about 4 weeks ago.
W. H. SIMMONS, M. D.
may29

COMSTOCK
ASSAY OFFICE
Maine Mining Exchange,
BANGOR, ME.
THOMAS CAHILL,
for twenty years Assayer in the State of Nevada, and for the past three years Assayer for the Justice Mine, Gold Hill, Nev., has opened an office at the above named place, and will personally attend to all work and guarantee every assay as correct. Mr. CAHILL has also had considerable experience in the milling and refining of ores.
REFERENCES.
Capt. S. T. CURT, Supt. of Justice Mine, JOHN F. EGAN, Supt. of Andes Mine, Virginia City, Nev. Pro. W. P. STEWART, and many others.
may12

REOPENING
OF THE POPULAR
PROVIDENCE LINE
TO NEW YORK,
VIA PROVIDENCE.
OPENS APRIL 5, FOR THE SEASON OF 1880
ONLY 42 MILES OF RAIL.
Steamboat Express Train will leave Boston & Providence Railroad Station daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 P. M., connecting at Fox Point with Providence Night Express, the Entirely New and Magnificent
STEAMER MASSACHUSETTS,
and the well known and popular
STEAMER RHODE ISLAND,
Arriving in New York at 6 A. M. This is the only line affording a delightful sail through Narragansett Bay by daylight.
Returning, leave Pier 24, North River at 5 P. M., arriving in Boston at 7 A. M.
No intermediate landings between Providence and New York.
Tickets and staterooms can be secured at Company office, 214 Washington, corner State Street, and at Boston & Providence Railroad Station.
J. W. RICHARDSON, Agent, Boston.
A. A. POLSON, Supt. P. & R. R. R.
apr— MW&Fom

State of Maine.
PENOBSCOT ss. Court of Probate, April Term, A. D. 1880.
Sophia L. [illegible], widow and administratrix of the estate of James W. Chester, late of Bangor, in said County, deceased, having presented her account for allowance.
ORDERED That said Accountant give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published once a week three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in May next, and show cause if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.
Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.
m1530

CANOE & CAMERA

June1 1m

PATENTS.
R. H. EDDY,
No. 76 State St., opposite Kilby, Boston,
Secures Patents in the United States also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington. No agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.
R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents.
TEST MONIALS.
"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and the careful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse."
CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.
"Inventors cannot employ a person more trustworthy or more capable of securing for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office."
EDMUND BURKE,
late Commissioner of Patents.
WASHINGTON, October 14, 1879.
R. H. EDDY—Sir—Since you have been in 1840, my first patent, Since then you have acted for and advised me in hundreds of cases, and procured many patents, reissues and extensions. I have constantly employed the best agencies in New York, Philadelphia and Washington, but I still think you are about the whole of my business, and your fees are the lowest I employ.
Yours truly, GEORGE DRAPER.
Boston, June 1, 1879. MWF 1y

The following is the sworn statement to the Insurance Commissioner of Massachusetts of the financial condition of the
New England Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
of Boston, on the 31st of December, 1879.
ASSETS.

Stocks and Bonds at market value	$9,178,111 00
Loans on Mortgage	149,600 00
Real Estate	1,255,400 00
Premium Notes secured by policies worth double the amount loaned	1,383,589 45
Amount of deferred quarterly premiums	201,119 35
Outstanding Renewal Premium on policies upon which a value has been made and reserved	170,000 32
Accrued Interest and Rents	201,098 91
Cash in Banks	118,811 41
Loans on Collateral	113,400 00
	$15,151,240 65

LIABILITIES.

Reserve at 4 per cent in compliance with the statutes of Massachusetts	$12,917,119 03	
Distributions unpaid	187,170 56	
Dividends to policyholders	99,750 00	
Matured Endowments unpaid	51,028 00	
		$13,255,078 59
Surplus		$1,679,162 06

36th Annual Report now ready for distribution. Free to any address.
BENJ. F. STEVENS, President.
JOSEPH M. GIBBENS, Secretary.
marchl. To Feb 8—1y

Partner Wanted.
In a manufacturing business, together with store, business established for twenty years. More capital required. This is business to a man with one to two thousand dollars.
Address,
P. O. BOX 662
June3

SALEM LEAD COMPANY,
SALEM, MASS.
Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD. Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST, and BEST LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness. LEAD TAPE, 5-8 in. wide, on reels for Curtain Sticks. LEAD RIBBON, from 2½ to 8 inches wide, on reels for Builders. At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.
WS&w1y 13 mch13

Maine Medical Association.
The annual meeting of the Maine Medical Association will be held in the City Building, Portland, on June 15th, 16th and 17th, 1880.
CHAS. O. HUNT, Secretary.
may26 dt

DEANE STEAM PUMPS,
Copeland & Bacon's Hoisting Machinery and Wire Rope,
AIR COMPRESSORS AND DRILLS,
FOR SALE BY
HENRY McLAUGHLIN,
Front Street.
may1

PURE DRUGS AT LOW PRICES,
may26 At SWEET'S.

BOSTON LEAD MF'G CO.,
Manufacturers of
PURE
WHITE LEAD,
Star Brand
Red Lead and Litharge,
Put Tin-lined Pipe, Pure Block Tin Pipe, Copper and Iron Pumps.
LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD.
SAMUEL LITTLE, Pres.
Office 24 & 26 Oliver St., Boston, Mass.
a 621 TTS 1y

CALL AND SEE

The most perfect
LAWN MOWER
Ever for sale in this city, the new BUCKEYE.
Also, three old Lawn Mowers for sale by
W. H. DICKEY & CO.
may13

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE
TRADE MARK. The Great English Remedy will promptly and radically cure any and every Case of Nervous Debility & Weakness, resulting from Indiscretion, excess or overwork of the brain and nerves.
BEFORE TAKING. BEFORE TAKING.
Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.
The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing
THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 3 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.
Sold in Bangor Wholesale and Retail, at W. H. MANSUR'S Drug Store, and by Druggists everywhere.
may1 dly

PEOPLE'S FAVORITE TONIC BITTERS
Invariably Cures Loss of Appetite, Flatulency, Dizziness, Jaundice, Nausea, and Dyspepsia. Also Bilious-ness and Bilious Colic. It is a specific for Nervous and Bilious Headache.
This is a Purely Vegetable Preparation.
IT PURIFIES THE BLOOD
Thus removing from the System all causes of disease. Try it. For sale by all Druggists.
JOHN W. PERKINS & CO.,
General Agents, Portland, Me.
apr17 d&w6m

KIDNEY-WORT
THE ONLY MEDICINE
That Acts at the Same Time on
THE LIVER,
THE BOWELS,
and the KIDNEYS.
These great organs are the natural agents of the system. If they are well all will be perfect health. If they are sick or inactive disease and misery follow.
TERRIBLE SUFFERING.
Biliousness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation or Piles, or Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diabetes, Sediment in the Urine, Milky or Ropy Urine or Rheumatic Pains and Aches, are developed. Hence the importance of using a medicine that should be reliable, speedy and safe.
KIDNEY-WORT
will restore the healthy action of these three destroying evils. It has been in use many years, and thousands will testify to its efficacy.
Thousands have been raised from beds of pain and helpless misery by Kidney-Wort.
Why suffer longer from the torment of an aching back?
Why bear such distress from Constipation and Piles?
Why be so fearful because of disordered urine?
Kidney-Wort will cure you. Try it. One package will convince the most incredulous of its wonderful curative powers.
It is a vegetable compound, and may be taken by the most delicate without fear of consequences.
One Package contains enough of the medicine to make a pint of powerful medicine.
Dry or liquid, it acts with equal efficacy.
Kidney-Wort has been prepared for years, and is now in a healthy condition, and is offered to the public with the utmost confidence that it will do all that is claimed for it.
Price, $1.00.
For sale by Druggists everywhere.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.
(Will send by mail.)

SCOVILL'S
BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP,
a peerless remedy for Scrofula, White Swellings, Cancer, Erysipelas, Gout, Chronic Sores, Syphilis, Tumors, Carbuncles, Salt Rheum, Malaria, Bilious Complaints, and all diseases indicating an Impure Condition of the Blood. This Grand Remedy is a compound of vegetable extracts, the chief of which are SARSAPARILLA and STILLINGIA. The cures effected by SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP are absolute, and their record is undisfigured by failure. For sale by all Druggists.

MOTT'S
LIVER PILLS,
The Great Cathartic Vegetable Regulator.
They rectify torpidity of the Liver.
They give tone to the Stomach.
They prevent griping of the Bowels.
They remove bile from the Blood.
They purify and invigorate the Body.
They cure all bilious complaints.

Dr. ROGERS'
VEGETABLE WORM SYRUP
instantly destroys WORMS and is recommended by physicians as the best WORM MEDICINE.

BAKER'S PAIN PANACEA
for MAN and BEAST.
For External and Internal Use.
The Greatest Pain Reliever of the Age.

DENTON'S BALSAM
CURES COLDS, COUGHS, ETC.
Can be used as a Plaster.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
24 College Place, New York.
jan1 eod&w1y

Executor's Notice.
The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of, an Executor of the Last Will and Testament of
WILLIAM C. CROSBY, late of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, deceased, to the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him, or to Josiah Crosby of Dexter in said County, whom I have appointed my agent or attorney in the State of Maine, as required by law.
WILSON CROSBY, Executor.
Bangor, May 1st, 1880.

LAWRENCE FARM
Pure Vinegar,
—FOR—
Cucumber, Lettuce,
—AND—
EARLY VEGETABLES,
—AT—
Charles Dwinel's,
No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.
june8

Wanted.
A capable girl to do general housework. Enquire of 60 Essex street.
june3 tf

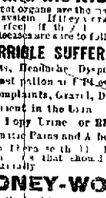
CIGARS! CIGARS!
A large lot of
FINE CIGARS
selling at retail and by the box
At Bottom Prices at
J. F. Patten's Drug Store,
No. 1 Granite Block.
june7

TENDER
—FOR—
LAYING AND BALLASTING TRACK.
Sealed proposals for laying and ballasting about 83 miles of track upon the Grand Southern Railway of New Brunswick will be received by the undersigned at the new Windsor Hotel, in St. John, N. B., up to noon of Wednesday, June 9th, 1880. Tenders must be for a fixed sum in cash per mile for laying the track, and a price per cubic yard for ballast, to be measured in the place where excavated, both to be based as per specifications on file in the office of the Engineer in St. Johns, N. B., at the Windsor Hotel in St. Johns, and at the office of the Bangor Whig & Courier, Bangor, and after June 4th, 1880 work to be commenced by June 14th, and to be completed by November 1st. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, if not deemed for the interest of the work.
J. S. GILMOR,
Engineer and Contractor for the St. Croix & Railway.
Saint George, N. B., June 1st, 1880.
june3 4t

BUY AND USE
MINERAL WATERS!
They are the true Specific Remedies for nearly all disorders of the system. And I say to them, please ob-
N. S. HARLOW,
By the case by the dozen, single bottles or on draught.
This is the best!
Sparkling Apollinaris, Pullna, Friedericshall, Vichy, Hunyadi, Janos, St. Leon, Hathorn, Red Spring, Congress, and Waldo Superior Soda Water.
june2

Flour! Flour! Flour!
PRICES REDUCED
on all grades, both S[illegible] and HAYATT. We are selling at less prices than anywhere else in Bangor.
THOMPSON & KELLOGG,
may17 34 Middle Central Street.

ROOM PAPERS
—AND—
WINDOW SHADES
New and fine patterns for Spring trade.
CHARLES HIGHT,
apr29 3 SMITH BLOCK.

CURTIS,

NO. 2 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.
Elegant Assortment
of Ladies' and Misses' Kid Shoes and all the latest styles.
GENTS' FINE SHOES
in French and American Kid, Calf and Calf.
SPLENDID LINE OF
GENTS' AND BOYS' STRAW HATS.
GIVE CURTIS A CALL.
may13

MALT
FOR SALE LOW,
T. R. SAVAGE & CO.,
16 West Market Square.
may21 d&w

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES,
MAINE INSANE HOSPITAL,
AUGUSTA, Me., May 11th, 1880.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office until Wednesday, June 9th, 1880, at 11 o'clock A. M., for furnishing all the materials and doing all the labor required in erecting a new Pavilion on the grounds of this institution, for particulars see plans and specifications of F. H. Fassett, architect, which can be seen at the office of the Treasurer of the Hospital. Proposals should be addressed to the Trustees of Maine Insane Hospital, Augusta, Me., and endorsed "Proposals for Pavilion."
The board reserves the right to reject any or all proposals received.
J. H. MANLEY,
SYLVESTER ADAMS,
J. S. COBURN,
Building Committee.
may13 d&w1w

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot:
The undersigned, heirs of Hannah Hamblen, late of Oldtown, in said County, deceased, whose heirs reside in different states, respectfully represent that said deceased left real estate in said State, undivided, the owners of which cannot dispose of their separate interests without loss.
Wherefore your petitioners pray your Honor to grant power to the administrator of said deceased's estate, or some other suitable person, after due public notice to sell by license at public or private sale, and convey all the right, title and interest of which said Hannah died seized, in and to her homestead at Upper Stillwater in said Oldtown, being all of said undivided real estate of the deceased, and distribute the proceeds (after deducting the expenses) among such heirs, according to their respective rights therein.
EMILY J. DICKEY,
CAROLINE JOHNSON,
WILSON DICKEY,
HOWARD DICKEY, of the State of Iowa,
ANDREW DICKEY, brothers of deceased,
WARREN A. DICKEY,
DORA DICKEY,
ELLA DICKEY, of Massachusetts,
DELORA DICKEY, children of the late
HOWARD L. DICKEY, Albert Dickey,
ALBERTA DICKEY,
By D. S. FLANDERS,
Attorney for the eight last named.
May 3, 1880.

STATE OF MAINE.
PENOBSCOT ss. Court of Probate, May Term, A. D. 1880.
Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, the first publication to be thirty days prior to the hearing, that they may appear at a Court of Probate, to be held at the Probate Office in said County, on the last Tuesday in June next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted.
Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.
A true copy of the petition and order thereon.
Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.
may28 3w

SEASIDE HOUSE,
ISLESBORO, MAINE.
OPENS JUNE 20th.
NICE BOATING, FISHING AND DRIVES.
Terms, $7.00 per week.
Nice cottage lots for sale cheap. For further particulars address,
J. H. RYDER.
may26 1m

Railroads & Steamboats.

Maine Central Railroad.
CHANGE OF TIME.
Commencing January 26th, 1880.
Morning Passenger train leaves Bangor at 7.00 A. M., cars running over both lines in Portland and connecting with Grand Trunk at Danville Junction, Knox & Lincoln at Bath, with Portland and Worcester Line at Westbrook, with Boston & Maine at Junction and with Eastern R. R. at Portland, arriving in Boston at 6.25 P. M.
Night train with Pullman Sleeping Car, leaves Bangor at 7.45 P. M., running via Augusta, arriving in Portland at 1.50 A. M. and Boston at 6.30 A. M.
Night train from Boston arrives in Bangor at 6.45 A. M.
Day train arrives in Bangor at 6.40 P. M.
A mixed train leaves Bangor for Waterville at 1.20 P. M. daily, (Sundays excepted) connecting at Newport for Dexter and at Burnham for Belfast.
Through freight trains leave Bangor at 6.50 A. M.
Through freight trains from Portland and Boston due in Bangor at 11.15 A. M. and Express freight from Boston due at 3.45 P. M.
PAYSON TUCKER, Supt.
Jan 19, 1880. 80 1&w

BANGOR & PISCATAQUIS RAILROAD
ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS
On and after MONDAY, Dec. 7, 1879,
Morning Passenger train leaves Bangor for Foxcroft and Guilford at 7.00 A. M., Exchange St. Station 7.10 A. M., for Milo Junction and intermediate stations arriving in Dover and Foxcroft at 10.25 A. M., and Blanchard at 11.05 A. M.
A mixed train leaves Bangor at 3.00 P. M. arriving in Dover and Foxcroft at 6.00 P. M., and Blanchard at 6.40 P. M.
A mixed train leaves Blanchard at 6.15 A. M. and Dover and Foxcroft at 7.50 A. M., arriving in Bangor at 10.35 A. M.
Passenger train leaves Blanchard at 3.40 P. M. and Dover and Foxcroft at 4.30 P. M., arriving in Bangor at 6.15 P. M.
Connections at Milo Junction with Maine Central Railroad for Portland and Boston.
STAGE CONNECTIONS.
At Milo daily for Brownville and Katahdin Iron Works.
At South Sebec daily for Sebec Village and Barnard.
At Abbot daily for Monson.
At Blanchard daily for Greenville, Moosehead Lake.
ARTHUR BROWN, Supt.
dec1

European & No. American Railway.
Hannibal Hamlin & Wm. S. Hayford, Trustees.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.
On and after MONDAY, [illegible]
Express train leaves Bangor (Exchange street) for St. John at 7.00 A. M.
Train leaves Bangor for Blanchard (B. & P. R. R.) at 7.30 A. M. and 1 P. M.
Bangor for Orono at [illegible] A. M. and 5.20 and 7.15 P. M.
Stillwater for Lincoln, at [illegible] and 4 A. M.
Bangor for Mattawamkeag, at 7.30 A. M. and 2.00 and 7.15 P. M.
Mattawamkeag for Bangor 4.00 and 10.1 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Trains from St. John due at Bangor at 12 P. M. from St. John at [illegible] A. M. and 2.15 P. M.
Through freight leave Bangor at 6.00 A. M. and arrive at Bangor at 1 P. M.
Express trains connect at Vanceboro with trains for St. John and Maine Central R. R. at Princeton with trains for Calais and St. Andrews at Woodstock with N. B. R. R. for all points in Northern New Brunswick and Canada.
Bangor, Apr. 15, 1880. F. W. CRAM, Supt.
apr17 and

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
The Shortest Line from Maine to Chicago.
And the only line from New England running to Chicago on its own rails. It is the shortest main line in the world, and we do not patronize Car Companies and thus enhance the comfort of our patrons by providing a variety of cars belonging to the Company. Our patrons will have choice of the following routes and at the lowest rates:
Grand Trunk Railway via Montreal.
Boston and Albany and New York Central.
Hoosac Tunnel and New York Central.
Vermont Central and G. T. Railway.
Passengers via Grand Trunk Western for Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis, Milwaukee, Lake Shore, Michigan Southern, Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago, Ohio & Mississippi, Illinois Central, Chicago & Alton, Pacific Railroads, Union Pacific, Kansas Pacific, Denver & Rio Grande, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Chicago & Northwestern, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, Chicago, Milwaukee & Lake Shore